

# The London Gazette.

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Genova, Octob. 7.

**U**Pon the first breaking out of the present disorders at *Messina*, the Crown of *Spain* desired this State to send some of their Gallies to the assistance of the Viceroy of *Sicily*, which was accordingly done; but since our *Sente* hath been informed, that several *French* Men of War were arrived before *Messina*, and that those Inhabitants have put themselves under the protection of that Crown; our Gallies are recalled, and, according to our last advices from *Sicily*, were sailed from *Messina* to *Naples*. The *Messineses* being encouraged by the success they have hitherto had, are, it's said, about attempting greater matters. The *Spaniards* apprehending the consequence hereof, are gathering together what Force they can, to reduce that City before things grow worse. By a Vessel arrived here this day from those parts, we have advice that the *Messineses* have taken the Castle of *S. Salvador*, which was the onely place of strength remaining in the hand of the *Spaniards* near that City, and that they have given it into the possession of the *French*.

*Rome*, Octob. 7. The difference between the Court and the Ambassadors continues still about the new Imposition laid on Forreign Manufactures, but the Cardinals *Buhrino* and *Chigi* have, at last, taken upon them to adjust it though, perhaps, they will meet with greater difficulty than is imagined, the Ambassadors seeming resolved not to part with their privilege in this particular. At *Civita Vecchia* are arrived certain *Messineses*, who are going to several Princes to demand succours. From *Malta* they write, that they were forming a Process against Signior *Spinola* General of their Gallies, for having at *Messina* given the precedence to the Gallies of *Genoa*; which was so highly resented at *Malta*, that little hindred but they had burned the Palace of the said *Spinola* upon their receiving the first News of it. Our Letters from *Naples* tell us, that they were making all that Kingdom over, great Levies to be employed against *Messina*, the Inhabitants of which City being encouraged with the hopes of great assistance from abroad, make now very high demands.

*Dantzick*, Octob. 7. The retreat of the *Moscovites* in the *Ukraine* has very much prejudiced the affairs of the *Poles*; the loss of *Human*, a place of great strength in those parts, having immediately followed it, and other places of importance being greatly endangered thereby. The *Moscovites*, on the other side, make great Complaints against the *Poles*, who, they say, have set on foot a Negotiation, in order to a Peace between them and the *Grand Signio*; without their knowledge, contrary to the Treaty between them; by which means they (the *Moscovites*) are like to have the War turned upon them, into which they entred through affection to this Crown. The Queen of *Poland* is very much indisposed at *Casimir*, her recovery being almost despaired of. Our Forces which are gathered together on the Frontiers, are very few and inconsiderable, and not able to

make head against the Enemy. It is reported that the *Grand Signior* intends to come with his Army to *Caminic*, which very much alarms the *Poles*, who will be sorry to see him so near, at a time when they are so little in a condition to oppose him.

*Francfort*, Octob. 20. Our Letters from *Vienna* tell us; That the Secretary of the Prince *Lobkowitz*, first Minister of State in that Court, had been twice examined but had not confessed any thing. The said Letters add, That the Prince had twice desired Audience of the Emperor, to justify himself, as to his being unconcerned in any the practices of his Secretary; but that he had not been able to obtain it. The affairs of the Prince of *Furstenbergh* continue in the same posture we told you in our last, sentence not being as yet given against him, though, it is probable, it will be very suddenly, the Universities of *Germany* (who have been consulted in this matter) agreeing, as is said, with the judgment of the Court.

*Strasburgh*, Octob. 22. The Letters we receive from several Officers in the *Confederate* Army give us an account, That the *Confederates* having resolved to attack Monsieur de *Furenne* on Friday morning last in his Camp at *Marleim*, that very morning early he left that Post, as if he had had advice of the *Confederates* resolution (which occasions some jealousy amongst them) and retreated towards *Deswiler*, having passed the *Srare*, and posted himself very advantageously, in expectation of the Troops coming to his assistance, under the Command of the *Marques de Genlis*. It is reported here this day, that the *French*, and the *Confederate* Armies, are again very near to each other, but without any certainty. The Troops of the Elector Palatine are set down before *Wassensheim*, in which are about 220 *French*; it is said, they have desired to capitulate, but the Besiegers will have them surrender upon discretion.

*Hamburg*, Octob. 23. We have now certain advices of the arrival of General *Wrangel* in *Pomeran*, which gives great jealousy to several Princes, they looking upon his coming over to be to head the Troops which that Crown has on this side, which are said to be above 20000 Men. And farther, our Letters from *Sweden* say, That that Court had resolved to have a good Army on foot, in order to the promoting a Peace. We are told, that several endeavours have been used to persuade the Duke of *Hanover* to join his Forces with the rest of the Princes that are now in Arms, but he continues resolved to maintain the Neutrality.

*Cologne*, Octob. 23. The *Confederates* having, at present, so great an Army together, the expectation is as great of what they will do against Monsieur de *Furenne*, who, though much weaker in Number, still keeps his ground. We have some Letters which speak as if there was great diffidence amongst the Generals of the *Confederates*, and that some were suspected by the others of having intelligence with the Enemy; which is of very ill consequence. Here is a report that the Prince of *Furstenbergh* hath been degraded of all his Honors, in order to the having sentence passed against him.