

The London Gazette.

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Whitehal, Dec. 15.

His Majesty hath been pleased to cause His Royal Proclamation to be issued, enjoying the Prosecution of all such Persons as shall make, or utter any Farthings, Halfpence, or Pence of Brass, or other base Metals with private Stamps; as by the said Proclamation, may more at large appear.

Copenhagen, Nov. 27. We in a day or two expect here the Count de *Brabe*, who comes in quality of Envoye Extraordinary from *Sweden*, as is said, to assure His Majesty of the good intentions of that Crown towards him, and its earnest desire to live in perfect friendship, and good correspondence with his Majesty; and some add, that the said Envoye is charged with certain Proposals, in relation to a Marriage between the King of *Sweden*, and our Kings Sister; In the mean time his Majesty is putting himself into a posture of War, his Troops are all on their march towards *Holstein*, where they are to Rendezvous; and we are told, that His Majesty intends to go thither in Person, though as yet we see not any preparation made for his journey.

Vienna, Dec. 2. The advice we have here of the Crown of *Sweden*'s being upon the point to declare against the Elector of *Brandenburg*, has occasioned a discourse, that the Count of *Oxensterne*, Ambassador Extraordinary of that Crown, was to return immediately home, but as yet there is not any appearance of his leaving this Court; though on the other hand, his Excellency continues to sollicite the Emperor in the three points we formerly mentioned, viz. the setting at liberty the Prince of *Furstenberg*; the accepting the Mediation of the King of *Sweden*; and lastly, a general cessation of Arms; but hitherto he has not had any success in his negotiation. We are told, that at the instance of the Spanish Ambassador, the Emperor will send two Regiments of Foot, which shall consist of 2500 Men each, to assist the Spaniards, in order to the reducing the City of *Messina*; these Troops are to embark at *Trieste*, on the Gulph of *Venice*, from whence they may easily be transported into *Sicily*. The Count de *Souches* is expected here in few days, though some that are not his friends, say, he will have Orders to retire to his Government of *Waradin*, without being permitted to see the Emperor; It is still said, that Count *Montecuculi* will Command the Imperial Army the next Spring. Our Letters from *Cassovia* in the *Upper Hungary*, tell us, that General *Spanhaw*, who Commands the Imperial Troops in those parts, having dispersed the Rebels, so that not any of them appeared longer abroad, was going to put his Troops into Winter Quarters.

Cölmär, Dec. 6. The 27 of the last month their Electoral Highnesses of *Brandenburg* arrived here, and took their lodging in the Town-House, which had been prepared for them: The Duke of *Bournonville* has his Quarters at *Ensfeldm*, and the Duke of *Lanten-*

burg at *Schlestadt*. The 4 instant the Imperialists made themselves Masters of *Henninguen* near *Basse*, and we are told that the Prince, *Herman* of *Baden* General of the Emperors Artillery is marched with the Troops of *Munster* to attack *Besfort*, and that General *Vermuller* is gone on the same account towards *Landikroon*, which are the two only places the French at present possess in *Suntgow*. This day the Duke of *Holstein*, Lieutenant-General of the *Brandenburg* Troops, begins his march with a Body of an Army towards the *Franche Comte*. The Duke of *Lorraine* is with his Forces on the frontiers of *Lorraine*. *Brisack* is wholly blocked up, so that those within cannot now receive any Provisions, or other necessaries from abroad; and besides, on Friday last, the Confederates destroyed their chief Mill, which was in the middle of the *Rhync*, and was of very great use to those Inhabitants, to grind their Corn.

Francfort, Dec. 7. From *Ratisbonne* they write, that the Dyet upon the representation of the Elector of *Brandenburg*, that some of his Territories were in danger of being invaded by the *Swedes*, had resolved, that in such a case the whole Empire ought and would assist him; and that the Dyet taking notice, that the Bishop of *Strasburg* was retired into *France*, and had put himself under the protection of a Foreign Prince, in enmity with the Empire, had resolved, that neither the said Bishop of *Strasburg*, as Prince of the Empire, nor his Envoye, shall have any Session or Vote in the Dyet, so long as his Highness remains in *France*, or any other foreign parts. The Confederates being all gone into Winter Quarters, and the Forces Commanded by Monsieur de *Turenne*, preparing for it, there remains not any thing more to be told you from thence.

Cologne, Dec. 11. The Dutch Troops, Commanded by Monsieur *Fariaux*, are at present quartered two Leagues from hence, near the Abby of *Brauwylers*, though the discourse is, they will now suddenly return home; The Marquis de *Grana* is, we hear, arrived from *Coblenz* at *Bon*, having left the Elector of *Treves* very highly dissatisfied, that the Confederates, after having promised him to besiege *Treves*, and obliged him to make accordingly preparations for it, now tell him the Season is too far advanced to begin a Siege, and that therefore they have wholly quieted that designe; General *Sporke* having left part of his Troops in the Diocess of *Liege*, is on his march with the rest of them this way, intending to keep his Head Quarter this Winter at *Bon*. Our Letters from *Strasburg* tell us, that the Confederate Troops have taken the Castle of *Henningen*, in the Country of *Suntgow*.

Ditto, Dec. 14. The Dutch Troops continue as yet in this Diocess, and are at present quartered in the Villages between *Nun* and this City; We are told that the Duke of *Newburg* hath sent to Treat with Monsieur *Fariaux*, that these Troops may embark, and pass into *Holland* by water, to avoid their passage through his Country, if they go by Land. The Sieur *strevestors*, Commissary of the Imperial Army, parted this day from