

The London Gazette.

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From Saturday May 24, to Tuesday May 27, 1755.

AT the Council-Chamber, *Whitehall*, the 27th Day of *May* 1755.

P R E S E N T,

The Lords Justices in Council.

WHEREAS the Time limited by His Majesty's Order in Council of the Twenty-sixth of April last, for paying the respective Bounties therein mentioned, to all Able and Ordinary Seamen, and also to all Able-bodied Landmen, who should voluntarily Enter themselves in His Majesty's Royal Navy; and likewise for paying Rewards to Persons discovering any Seamen who should conceal themselves, will expire upon this Day: And whereas it is judged expedient for His Majesty's Service, that the Bounties and Rewards thereby given, should be continued to be paid for some longer Time—The Lords Justices do therefore Order, and it is hereby Ordered, with the Advice of His Majesty's most Honourable Privy-Council, that the Bounty of Three Pounds for every Able Seaman, of Forty Shillings for every Ordinary Seaman, and of Twenty Shillings for every Able-bodied Landman, be continued to be paid to such Seamen and Landmen respectively, who shall enter themselves in the Royal Navy on or before the Twenty-fourth Day of June next; and that the Reward of Forty Shillings to Persons discovering any Able Seaman or Seamen, who shall conceal themselves, so that such Seaman or Seamen be taken for His Majesty's said Service, be likewise continued to be paid until the said Twenty-fourth Day of June next inclusive.—Whereof all Persons concerned are to take Notice, and govern themselves accordingly.

W. Sharpe.

Naples, April 22. Advice has been received at Court, that Don Joseph Martinez, Commander of the King's Chebecks, being on the 6th Instant on a Cruize off the Island of St. Mary, discovered at a Distance two Tripolitan Corsairs, to which he immediately gave Chace; and, after a short Time, came up with and took one of them; she mounted 12 Guns, besides Patteraroes, and had 50 Men on Board, who were all put in Irons, and carried into Slavery.

Rome, May 3. The Pope's two Frigates having cruized in the Channel of Piombino, off Port Ferrario and the Island del Giglio, the Barbary Pirates, on their Appearance, are withdrawn from the Roman Coasts, and the Frigates are returned to Civita Vecchia. The Pope, for the farther Security of the Vessels at Fiumicino, has ordered a new Pallisade to be made immediately at that Port. From Civita Vecchia we are informed, that on the 30th past, a Neapolitan Half Gally sailed from that Port for Naples, with a Tunefine Corsair, which she had taken the Day before, after a short Engagement in the Channel of Piombino, on Board of which were 60 Moors, whom they had put in Irons.

Vienna, May 3. Their Imperial Majesties, who have been for some Days past at Laxem-

bourg, propose to return to Schonbrun on the 12th Instant, in order to celebrate, on the 13th, the Empress Queen's Birth-day. Prince Ligne is arrived here from the Low Countries with the Prince his Son, who is going to be married to one of the Daughters of Prince Lichtenstein. Count Betleem, the new Chancellor of Transilvania, is expected here next Saturday from Hermannstadt, in order to lay before her Imperial Majesty the present State of Affairs in that Province.

Petersbourg, May 3. The Turkish Minister, who arrived here this Week, is to have his Audience after To-morrow.

Munich, May 5. On the 29th of last Month, about Three in the Afternoon, the Lightning fell on the Church of Peyfenberg, about three Leagues from hence, and though the Tower was in Part thrown down, yet none of the People, who were then at their Devotions, received the least Hurt. Yesterday the Elector our Sovereign was taken extremely ill with a cholicky Disorder, but he is something better to Day, and we hope it will go off without any bad Consequences.

Florence, May 10. On the 27th past, in the Morning, the Margrave and Margravine of Bareith arrived here from Genoa, attended by a Retinue of about 30 Persons, among whom are three Ladies of Honour, and two Knights of Malta. They travel incognito by the Name Count and Countess de la Marche, and lodge at an Inn hired for them. On the 30th their Highnesses were entertained at Dinner by Count Richecourt, to which the Foreign Ministers (the Pope's Nuncio excepted) and many Persons of Distinction were invited; after which they were entertained with a Concert of Musick. On the 5th in the Evening their Highnesses were entertained by Count Richecourt at his Country Seat, and, on the 7th, they sat out on their Journey to Rome. The Regency has ordered the Towers and small Forts along the Coasts, especially those at the Serchio and Bocca d'Arno, immediately to be provided with the necessary Stores and Men; for which Purpose, not to expose the regular Troops to the Inclemency of that Air, they have ordered a sufficient Number of Natives of those Coasts, consisting of about 180 Men, to be raised and distributed in the respective Towers, and a Troop of 80 Cuirassiers to patrol on the Shore, to prevent any Attempts which the Algerines might make to land. On the 28th a small Corsair from Tunis, with 20 Men, took Shelter at Leghorn, after an Engagement off Corsica with a Bark of that Island, in which the Tunefine lost four Men.

Dusseldorp, May 10. They are making Preparations at the Castle in this City for the Reception of the Elector our Sovereign, who is shortly expected here from Manheim.

Turin, May 10. The Count de la Trinité, Lieutenant General of Infantry, and Colonel of a Provincial Regiment in this Service, having been appointed Viceroy of Sardinia, set out last Sunday to embark at Genoa for that Island,