6 pieces of Cannon, making up in all between 3 and 400 found Men, and almost as many fick, though at the beginning of this Campagne, they confifted in upward of 3000, they complain greatly of want of Pay, &c. took their way for Ments, where they will embark, and so pass down the Rhyne by water. This day the Elector of Brandenburg is expected at Sweinfurt, on his march

towards his own Countreys.

Mayence, Feb. 4. The Elector of Brandenburg having fent an Officer hither to demand Winter Quarters for some of his Regiments, he received for answer, that they could not be granted for several considerations. We have advice that the Elector of Bavaria, causes all his Troops to march towards Kiemarke, a place in the Upper Palatinate, and that he intends to erest a Magazine there, having given orders for the buying up great quantities of Corn. The rest of the Munster Troops, being about 1000 Men, are passed down the Rhune towards Cologue, they are in a very ill Equipage, and complain very much of the hard service they have above others been put to this Campagne, by the Imperial Generals. From Vienna they write, that all the discourse there is, of the great Armie the Emperor intends to have in the Field this next Spring, which is to be Commanded by the Count de Montecuculi. The march of the Swedish Troops, puts the neighboring Countreys in great frights; the Inhabitants of the Lower Silefia are all fled with their Goods and Families into the fortified places; though it is faid; the Emperor is fending an Army to secure them.

Col gne, Feb. 5. From Strasburg we understand, that the 31 past Duchstein was surrendred to the French (the Governor having been killed the day before) upon difcretion, so that all the Common Soldiers remained prisoners at War, the Officers having their liberty upon Parole; the next day the Sieur Contarini, who commanded after the Governors death, came to strasburg, and the night following, after having burned all his Papers, pittolled himfelf, which occasions much discourse. The French that befieged Dachstein will continue to winter in Allatia, the other Troops being gone into Lorrain, The French erect a great Magazine at Colmar. It is said here, that the French lost near 1000 Men before Dachstein. The Governor of Maestricht has by his Commissary, summoned the Gentry of the Dutchy of Juliers, to repair to Maestricht, at a day prefixed, to give an account of their Possessions, Estates, &c. his Excellency pretending the same Contributions of them, they pay to the Imperialists. On Thursday last parted hence the Count of Kilmanseck for Munfter, to confer with that Bishop. The Imperial Cavalry are Commanded to hold themselves ready to march upon the first Order.

Hague, Feb. 16. Yesterday the States General finally refolved to make War against the Crown of sweden, in case their folicitations to his Majesty for the recalling his Army out of the Territories of the Elector of Brandenburg, prove ineffectual. The 13 instant in the evening, parted hence the Raedt Pentionaris Fagel, to go and wait upon his Highness the Prince of Orange, in his journey to Gelderland; This day his Highness intended to be at Aernhem, and having fetled Matters in that Province, it is thought he will pais into Frief-land and Groningen. The most Christian King has, as we are informed, consented, that the prisoners taken in the battel of Seneff, shall have their liberty, upon paying their Ransoms. Notwithstanding things are so fat advanced to a Rupture with the Swedes, yet we hear not of any new Levies that are making, or any other preparations to attack that Crown.

Paris, to Febr. According to the Advice we receive from Meffins, the first past, the men of War and other Vessels, under the command of the Chevalier de Valbelle agrived at the enterance of the fare of Messels, the next day, the Marques de Valaver, who is to command the Forces of the Messels de Valaver, profer, and those designed for their afficance, and the faid thevaller received advice; That the Tour du Faic, the Fanal of St. Agaia, the Paradis, and the Bastion of St. George, were in the hands of the Spaniards, they were likewise informed that they had possessed themselves of the Convent of Capucins, and some other Posts very near the suburbs of the City; and from one of their Out-guards had notice, that the Spanish Heet composed of 22 men of War, 19 Galleys, and other Veffels, lay within a League of Messian, which was confirmed by three Deputies who came in a Felucca from the Inhabitants, by three Deputies who came in a Felucea from the Inhabitants, to give an account of the ill condition they were in, and the great need they had of a fpeedy affiftance; the Wind being favorable; the Marqueis de Valewir, and the Chevalier de Valebelle refolved to weigh Ankor, which they did, and in good order approached towards the Enemy, who they thought would have endeavored to hinder their passage; but the Enemy, for what reason we know not, made use of the same Wind to retire, and so gave our ships entire liberty to pass to Mellina; at the same time their Troops a shore abandoned several Post; after some short; as well great as small, had passed between them and our ships: the Marqueis de Valavoir being landed, was received by the Magicarets and had patted between them and our inters the Marquets de Valavoir being landed, was received by the Magierates and Feople with all possible demonstrations of joy; he presently after fent a Trompet, to summon the Spaniards, who were possed in the Tour of Fanal, they returned a brisk answer, but the hight following quitted it, having fet fire to their Powder; 200 Spaniards who had retremented themselves in the Convent of Capucins likewise abandoned it, seaving two pieces of Capucins likewise abandoned it, seaving two pieces of Canon behind them. The same day the Marquess went to the Cathedral Church, accompanied by all the perfons of note in the Town, were Te Denin, was sung, after which he was conducted to the Palace of the Viceroy, prepared for him. The 29 past the Duke de Vinning, parted from Threaton, with 10 men of War more, 3 sirellips, and several Barques Laden with Provisions and other needs are bound for Messina, whither a Fleet of 24 Galleys, will the beginning of the next Month follow him. Yesterday the Count de Monierey parted from hence, and continued his journey for Spain. His Majesties Armies are preparing to take the

for Spain. His Majesties Armies are preparing to take the Field very suddainly.

Finn aib, 5 Febr. The Dutch Fleet of Merchantmen continues still in this porties pesting more Men of War to strengthen their Convoy, for that they have advice that I or 12 French Men of War cruife upon thefe Coafts, and attend their

coming out.

coming out.

Wosteball, Febr. to This day His Majelly was Graciously plea ad in confidere is not the eminent Loyalty, and good Services of Glascoet Esq; to cause him to be two mone of the Masters of Request, in the room of Jervis Holles Esq; deceased.

Advertisements

VINER, Mayor.

Mercur. 3 die, Feb. 1674.

"Hercas there hath been a Pamphlet lately Printed and Dispersed within the City of London, wherein is inserted a Relation of a horrible Murder, pretended to be committed on the Body of a Fewish Woman, by the Command of her own Father, a Fewish Priest; And whereas as well Joshua Coniers; by whom the faid Pamphlet was Printed, as also severat of the Fewish Nation this day appearing before his Lordship, and upon examination of the faid Matter; his Lordship doth not find any truth in the faid Relation; the faid Coniers acknowledging his great offence for dispersing the same, and offering by any publich Act to declare the fulfity thereof, for which offence a jevere prosecution is intended against him, according to the Law.

Will. Lightfoot.

Some Considerations about the Reconcile-To which is annexed by the Publisher, a Discourse of Mr. Boyle, about the possibility of the Resurrection. Sold by Hen. Herringman, at the Ankor in the Lower Walk of the New Exchange.

Printed by Tho. Newcomb in the Savoy, 1674.