

The London Gazette.

published by Authority.

From Saturday January 29, to Tuesday February 1, 1757.

Rome, January 4.

ON the 19th past, the French Ambassador received a Courier from his Court, with Dispatches relating to the Disagreements between the Clergy and Parliament of France. The same Evening a Courier from Naples passed by this City, with Dispatches for the Prince of St. Elizabeth, the Neapolitan Minister at Dresden. On the 20th Cardinal Archinto, the Secretary of State, received an Estafette from Venice, with Dispatches relating to the Project of Reconciliation between that Republick and the See of Rome. The Popes Frigates St. Peter and St. Paul, after sailing to the Islands of Sardinia and Corfica, are cruising on our Coasts against the Barbary Corsairs.

Madrid, Jan. 10. On the 1st and 2d Instant arrived at Cadiz the St. Andrew from Buenos Aires, the St. Mary from Cartagena, and the Jason from the Havanna, with about One Million three hundred thousand Dollars in Gold and Silver, thirty two thousand raw Hides, sixty four Mafts for his Catholick Majesty's Navy, and other Effects. Lately died here, in the 51st Year of her Age, the Dutchess of Solferino, Daughter to the Prince of Santobuono a Sicilian Nobleman. She was one of the Ladies of the Bed-Chamber to her Catholick Majesty, who has continued for Life the Pension annexed to that Place, to her Husband the Duke of Solferino, her Majesty's Mayor-domo Mayor.

Dresden, Jan. 9. On Sunday last we received Advice that some Austrian Pandours, having attempted to attack a small Body of Cavalry in their Quarters in Upper Lusatia, a Major, named Blumendahl, who had in Hastie put himself at the Head of only ten Horsemen to oppose them, was unfortunately killed; but that, upon the Arrival of a small Body of Prussians, the Pandours were dispersed with great Loss. As the Major was esteemed a brave Man, and a good Officer, he is much regretted, even by his Prussian Majesty himself. The Frost is set in so very hard in these Parts, that the like severe Weather has not been felt in this Country for some Years.

Dresden, Jan. 16. On Friday last, the 14th Instant, at Two o'Clock in the Afternoon, his Prussian Majesty returned hither in good Health

from Berlin. Several Thousand Waggons are making in the different Towns and Villages of Saxony, for carrying of the Prussian Magazines either into Bohemia or Silesia. Orders are given for augmenting each Company of the Regiments of Infantry with 40 Men; and the Cannoners are busy in the Arsenal in preparing Cartridges, &c. In short, the Prussians are very industrious in providing all Things necessary for the next Campaign; which, in all Probability, will be a very bloody one. Letters from Warsaw affirm, that there are great Commotions among the Polanders, who seem not a little uneasy at the Intention of the Russians to march through their Country; and, 'tis reported here, that the Polish Palace in Warsaw is already ordered to be barricadoed. A Paper, signed by his Polish Majesty, has been published here, in which the Saxon Generals are accused of Cowardice and Disobedience, for not attacking the Prussians when they left the Camp near Pirna; but, it is thought, if they had attempted it, the Prussians were so advantageously posted, that the Saxon Army would have been destroyed. The Saxon Generals seem greatly dissatisfied with so undeserved an Imputation, and think it a bad Return for the Hardships they suffered in their Camp.

Brussels, Jan. 28. Prince Charles of Lorraine set out early this Morning for Vienna, where his Royal Highness expects to arrive next Tuesday Se'nnight. As the Price of Corn has been daily increasing in this Country since last Harvest, a Placard was published two Days ago, bearing Date the 18th Instant, to prohibit, on severe Penalties, the Exportation of all Manner of Grain, Meal, Bread, and Vegetables. The Brewers are likewise forbidden to brew either Wheat or Rye. And in order to prevent Monopolies, and the Forestalling of Grain, all Farmers and others, who have any Quantity thereof, are enjoined to carry it to the publick Markets: The Country People however are allowed to sell to their Neighbours, as much as is necessary for their own private Use, provided the Buyer carries it home on his Head or Shoulders.

HIS Grace the Duke of Bedford, Lord Lieutenant of Ireland, doth hereby signify his Pleasure, That all such Officers, belonging to the Second Battalion of His Majesty's First or Royal Regiment of Foot, and also to His Majesty's Seventeenth,