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From Saturday June 11, to Tuesday June 14, 1757.

AT the Court at Kensington, the 8th Day of June, 1757,

P R E S E N T,

The KING's most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS the Time limited by His Majesty's Order in Council, of the Tenth of May last, For paying the respective Bounties therein mentioned, to all Able and Ordinary Seamen, and also to all Able-bodied Landmen, who should voluntarily enter themselves in His Majesty's Royal Navy; and likewise for paying the Rewards to Persons discovering Seamen who should conceal themselves, is near expiring: And whereas it is judged expedient for His Majesty's Service, That the Bounties and Rewards thereby given, should be continued to be paid for some Time longer; His Majesty doth therefore, by and with the Advice of His Privy Council, hereby Order, That the Bounties of Three Pounds for every Able Seaman, and of Thirty Shillings for every Ordinary Seaman, not above the Age of Fifty, nor under the Age of Twenty Years; and of Thirty Shillings for every Able-bodied Landman, not above the Age of Thirty-five, nor under the Age of Twenty Years, be continued to be paid to such Seamen and Landmen respectively, who shall, on or before the Thirteenth Day of July next, enter themselves in the Royal Navy, in the Manner directed by His Majesty's Proclamation of the Fourth Day of January last: And likewise, That the Rewards of Two Pounds for every Able, and Twenty Shillings for every Ordinary Seaman, be continued to be paid to any Persons who shall, on or before the said Thirteenth Day of July next, discover any Seaman or Seamen who shall conceal themselves, so as such Seaman or Seamen be taken for His Majesty's Service. Whereof all Persons concerned are to take Notice, and govern themselves accordingly.

W. Blair.

Camp before Prague, May 24. All the Redoubts and Lines of the Prussians have been completed without any Opposition, and the Batteries on both Sides of the River are now finished; the Mortars and heavy Artillery are arrived, and it is expected that the Bombardment will begin forthwith. Last Night it was perceived that a Sally was intended; Marshal Keith gave the proper Orders, and the whole Camp on this Side the River was alert. About Two o'Clock in the Morning the Sally began. It consisted of about Ten Thousand Men; they attacked a

Battery which was not finished, from which they were repulsed several Times. The Action was very obstinate and lasted full three Hours, but at Day break they retired into Prague in some Confusion, without being able to damage the Works, or to make any Impression on the Prussian Troops. What the Loss of the Austrians was we do not certainly know; the killed on both Sides lye yet unburied. On our Side there were 48 killed, and 217 wounded, of whom 13 were Officers. Deserters come in daily in great Numbers from Marshal Daun's Army as well as from Prague. In the Sally of last Night Prince Ferdinand of Prussia had his Horse shot under him, and was himself slightly wounded in the Chin. The Intention of the Austrians in this Sally was not only to destroy the Batteries that were raising, but to have attacked the Bridges of Communication which the Prussians have upon the Moldau, at about one Quarter of a German Mile above and below Prague, at Branick and Podbaba; and the Deserters say, their whole Army was drawn out upon the Ramparts, to have supported the Attack if they had repulsed the Prussians. The last Letters from the Prince of Bevern's Army say, that he had taken Possession of Colin, Nimburg, Suchdol, and some other lesser Magazines. That Count Daun's Army lay with the Right to Kuttenberg, so extended as to cover Czasslau, from whence they are transporting their Magazine to Chrudim, and it is believed they intend to retire into Moravia.

Hague, June 3. We are informed from the Frontiers, that the Want of Forage in the French Army, particularly Hay, is so very great, that besides the Cavalry which has remained behind the Rhine, Marshal d'Estrees himself, the Princes of the Blood, and all the Officers of the Army without Exception, have been obliged to send back a great Part of their Horses, in order to subsist those that remain. Our Accounts from Bohemia say, That the Prussians were to begin firing upon Prague on the 27th of May: That their Artillery, on Account of the Badness of the Roads, did not arrive till the 26th; and that the Sally made by the Austrians, on the 24th, was reckoned to have cost them about 4000 Men. It is said the Elector of Bavaria has assured his Prussian Majesty, by one of his Chamberlains, whom he sent on Purpose to the Army, that he would strictly observe a Neutrality: That he had taken no Measures with the Court of Vienna, but what he had been forced to do, as well as many other Members of the Empire; and that he was ready to renounce all his Engagements with the French and Austrians.

Dublin,