The London Gazette.

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## From Thursday March 4. to Donday March 8. 1674.

Palermo, Feb. 18.

B have Letters from Melsina of the 13 inflant, which give us an account of the Duke de Vivenne's arrival there with the Ships under his Command, having forced his paffage through the Spanifb Fleet, the General's of which, upon advice of

his approach, cauled the whole Fleet, which lay all a-Jong the coaft of Calabria; to weigh Ankor, and with a gentle Southerly wind, failed towards the French, with whom they came up about a League from the Fare's Mouth, they had a very sharp dispute, which lasted feveral hours ; but the Chevalier de Valbelle purting himfelf, upon the first news, under fail, with his Squadron of 6 Men of War, and 5 Firefnips from Mefsina, fell upon the back of the Spaniards, who being very much torn and fhattered in their Rigging, were forced to retire towards Maples, leaving to the French, a free entrance into Messina, who after their Conjunction with Monsieur de Falbelle, had 16 or 17 stout Men of War, beside Fireships and Victualers; the latter have fupplyed the Messineses with great quantities of Pro-visions, of which they were before in so great want, that they had been forced to feed on Horfes, Mules, Cats and Dogs, and which is more, upon Hides, even after they had laid a confiderable time in the Tan Fat, which were accommodated and distributed to the poorer fort gratis, at an ounce and halfe a Head per day. That the 9 inftant the Gunner of the Castle, called Caftelazzo, being corrupted by the Spaniards, gave entrance to 30 into the Cassle, and 1000 more were come hard by to fecure the defigne, but the French ha-ving got knowledge of it, prevented the execution, and caufed the Gunner to be hanged, which hath occafioned the removal of the Messineses out of all the Caffles and Foris of the City, and the Garrifoning them wholly with French. On the other hand the Spaniards tell us, that they are preparing with a great Army to befiege the place, and that in a month or 6 weeks, they shall be in a posture to fet down before īt.

Marscilles, March 5 Here is arrived a Veffel from Messina, and among other Letters, we receive one from an Officer on board the French Fleet, dated the 13 of Feb. the Contents of which follows; The Ir in. fant being within fight of the Fare, we discovered 20 Spanish men of War, and 16 Gallies, making towards us with a fair wind, with thoughts of utterly deftroying us; but Monfieur de Vivonne foon ranged his small Fleet in order, dividing it into three Squadrons, each composed of three Men of War : The Spanish Admiral fell upon us with great fury, not doubting but to put us into confusion, which he found was not in his power to do, all our Ships behaving themfelves very bravely; the Fight began about 8 in the morning, and continued till almost an hour after Sun sett ; at Noon the Chevalier de Valbelle came in with 5 Men of War to our affiftance, from Messina, and about 3 a clock we got the weather-gage of the Spaniards, who after that

gave ground, and retired towards Naples; we purfued them fighting till the night feparated us; and Monfieur de Vivionne being informed, that the Mcf. n. fes had been already feveral days without Bread, left off the purfuit, and made hafte to relieve them. Our arrival at Messina could not be but extream welcome to the People, who had been reduced to feed upon Mules Flesh and Hides, and even that was become fo fearce, that only two Ounces was allowed a man a day. The number of our flain is not confiderable. Monfieur de Vivonne received three bruises, though without any danger; and we have taken one of the Enemies Ships mounted with 44 Guns, of which our General has made Monfieur Palle, Captain.

Rumb. 978.

Ratisbonne, February 78. The Swedifh Minister who refides here on account of the Countreys which that Crown possed in the Empire, hath prefented a Letter to the Dyet from the King his Master, containing the reasons that have moved his Majesty to act against the Elector of Brandenburg as he has done, and a request of his Majesty, that they will believe, his only aim in it, is to procure the quiet of the Empire, and maintain the Peace of Westphalia! The Count de Solme is arrived here, and to motrow he will before the Diet, take the Oath of Fidelity, as General of Battalia of the Army of the Empire. The Elector Palatine by his Minister here, preffes that speedy care may be taken to fecure his Territories against the invasions of the French, to which they are so the starly exposed, and will be more, when Monsieur de Surenne takes the Field again.

renne takes the Field acain. strasburg, March 2. The French we hear are about quitting Dachftern, and Haburg, after having demolished them. Monfieur de Turenne is now very fuddainly expected again in these parts in order to the beginning the Campagne, which it is not doubted but he will do much soner then the Confederates; several thousand Men, are, its faid, on their march from the Franche Comte, towards Befort, being defigned to reinforce Monfieur de Turenne's Army. Our Letters arrived yesterday from Basel, speak as if that Canton had taken it ill, that the Marquis de Faubruh had lodged frome Troops within its Territory, and demanded Contributions, because they had been paid the Imperialifts.

Hanouer. March 3. Our Duke is gone from hence to Zell. where will be held a Conference between the three Brothers, the Dukes of Lunenburg Zell, Hanouer, and Osnabrug, at which will affift, the Imperial and Dutch Ministers. It is faid, that towards the latrer end of this month the Duke of Zell will return to his Army, which is quartered in Suabia. Hamburg, March 5. The Swedes continue ftill their

Hamburg, March 5. The Swedes continue ftill their Quarters in the Hinder Pomeren, and fome of their Troops are drawn fo near to the frontiers of Poland and Silefia, that they are only two miles from them. Paffengers come from those parts affure us, that they live with the greatest Order and Discipline possible, and that the Country people receive not in the least any ill Treatment of them.

Cologne