

# The London Gazette.

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From Thursday March 11. to Monday March 13. 1674.

A Proclamation, prohibiting the Importation of Cordage and Cable-Yarn from Forreign parts.

CHARLES R.

**T**He Kings most Excellent Majesty being informed, that the Importing of Cordage and Cable-Yarn, ready wrought, and Manufactured in Forreign parts, doth not only Indanger the Lives and Ships of many of His Majesties Subjects by reason the same Cordage and Yarn, is for the most part deceitfully made, but doth also tend to the great prejudice and impoverishment of the Rope-makers of this His Realm, who for want of employment, are reduced to great necessity; His Majesty therefore for their better encouragement, and the preservation of so useful an Art and Manufacture among His own Subjects, is Graciously pleased by this His Royal Proclamation (with the advice of His Privy Council) strictly to Charge, Prohibit, and Command, That from the first day of May next, no Person or Persons, Natives, Aliens, or others, do, or shall Import, Bring, or Convey, or cause to be Imported, Brought, or Conveyed, into the Kingdom of England, Dominion of Wales, or Port or Town of Berwick upon Tweed, from, or out of any part or place beyond the Seas, by way of Merchandize, or to be sold or Exchanged, any Cordage or Cable-Yarn whatsoever, ready wrought, and made in parts beyond the Seas (other then such as shall be made in Russia, of the Hemp of the growth of that Countrey) upon pain of forfeiting all that by Law is Forfeitable, and such other punishment as by the Law, or His Majesties Prerogative Royal, may be inflicted upon the Contemners of His Royal Authority. And His Majesty doth further Charge and Require the Commissioners of His Customs, Controllers, Searchers, and Officers of His Ports, and all other Persons whatsoever, to seize any Cordage or Yarn, that shall be Imported, Sold, or Exchanged, contrary to His Majesties pleasure herein declared, and to be diligent and careful in the preventing the Importation of the Cordage and Yarn hereby Prohibited, and the discovery of the same, to the end the Offenders may be duly Punished; His Majesty also Commanding all Justices of the Peace, Mayors, Sheriffs, Bayliffs, Constables, and other Officers whatsoever, to be aiding and assisting in all things requisite for the observation and due execution of this His Majesties Royal Proclamation. Given at Our Court at Whitehal, the 20 day of February, 1674. in the Seven and twentieth year of Our Reign.

Warsaw, Feb. 25. We are told, that the King has received about a month since, Letters from the Sieur Bogdan, who five years ago was sent from hence with the quality of Envoye to the Sophy of Persia, in which he assures his Majesty, that the Sophy was marched into the Field with a great Army which encreased every day very considerably, and that he was peremptorily resolved to make War against the Turks. Dorosensko cannot yet be brought to submit himself to the King.

Genova, March 7. By a Vessel come in here, we have advice, of the arrival of the Spanish Armada at Naples, after having been engaged some Leagues from Messina, with several French Men of War, under the Command of Monsieur de Vivonne, who it seems, forced his way through them; and that Ten Men of War of the Armada were fitting out again to go to Sea. Another Vessel arrived from Palermo, gives us an account, that the Spanish Gallies are put into Melazzo, Trepany, and Lippary; that Monsieur de Vivonne, immediately after his arrival at Messina, had taken the Tour de Fare, where the Spaniards had erected a Fort, and planted 12 pieces of Cannon. The French have taken a Ship, bound hither from Sicily, laden with Salt, Honey, Fish, and some of the Prince de Ligne's Equipage.

Hamburg, March 11. We hear nothing farther of the Swedes, they continuing as formerly, their Quarters in the Elector of Brandenburgs Territories, without committing any hostilities; The Prince D' Anhalt, his Electoral Highnesses Lieutenant-General, makes in the interim, all possible provision for the defence of the places under his Government, in case they should be attacked by the Swedes.

Coblentz, March 12. The French, we hear, have possessed themselves of Brousal, in the Bishoprick of Spire, and consequently, belonging to the Elector of Mayence. From Strasburg they write, that that City continues firm in the interests of the Emperor, that the Marquis de Vaubrun hath been declared by the most Christian King, Governor of Brisack, and of the upper and lower Alsazia; and that the Marquis of Baden Dowlach, who is quartered with his Troops at Estlingen in Suabia, is ordered by the Dyet to return with them to Strasburg, to take care of the defence of the Bridge there. Six Brandenburg Regiments have taken their Quarters in the Circle of the Upper Saxony, to the great dissatisfaction of his Electoral Highness of Saxony. The Circle of Franconia is obliged to pay 100 000 Crowns per month, to the Brandenburg Troops, to the great vexation of that Countrey. It is reported that the Bishop of Wirzburg is lately dead but without any certainty.

Strasburg, March 15. The French begin to march in Lorrain, towards Mompeillard, where is appointed the general Rendezvous. Monsieur de Turenne is expected there the beginning of the next month; In the mean time, vast quantities of all sorts of Provisions are laid up by the French in such places, as they judge most convenient, Strong parties of 1000, and 800 Men each, come frequently from Burgundy, for the strengthening of Monsieur de Turenne's Army. The Garrison of Philipsburg has made an incursion into the Bailage of Newstadt, belonging to the Elector Palatine, and hath done much mischief. The French demand Contributions of the Bishoprick of Spire, and have seized on Brousal, in the said Bishoprick, not far from Philipsburg, which they intend to fortify, for the greater security of Philipsburg.

Cologne,

*Cologne, March 13.* From *Wipstadt* of the 12 instant we have advice, that the Elector of *Brandenburg* arrived there the day before, with her Electoral Highness, and his whole Court; and that he intended to part from thence again the 13, to be the 16 instant at *Cleves*, where he will have a Conference with the Prince of *Orange*. This Diocess having hitherto refused to pay the Contributions demanded by the French, they have proceeded to execution, having burnt certain Houses in the Bailiages of *Wippen*. The Imperialists pretend to erect a Magazine here, and to that end, are buying up great quantities of Corn, &c.

*Brussels, March 15.* His Excellency has sent the Marquis of *Westerloo* in great haste to the Prince of *Orange*, to desire his Highness to send hither forthwith five or six Regiments of Infantry at the least, for the reinforcing our Garrisons; it being so absolutely necessary, that without them, all our Towns will be greatly endangered. The *Marschal de Crequi* is still about *Charleroy*, from whence he has sent a considerable Convoy to *Mastricht*: His Army continues between the *Sambre* and the *Meuse*, without attempting any thing as yet, more then preparing for the approaching Campaign; and having an Eye, as we suspect, to any succors that shall be sent to *Cambrai*, and the Garrisons in *Hainault*, which are all in equal danger, being unfurnished of Men, and by the erecting such a vast Magazine at *Charleroy*, we fear he may besiege *Namur*, to cut off all correspondence between that Province and *Luxemburg*. We are assured that the Duke of *Enguyen* is expected at *Tournay*, before the end of this month, and that the Prince of *Conde* will soon follow. Letters from *Holland* of the 12 instant say, that the Prince of *Orange* is making great preparations for the Campaign, and that he has given Orders to all Officers, to have their Companies and Troops in readiness, by the 1 of *April*.

*Vitt 0, March 19.* Our Letters from *Madrid* tell us, that the Queen and Council have ordered the late Viceroy of *Sicily*, together with the General, and Lieutenant-General of the Gallies, and the Admiral of the Fleet, to be sent prisoners to 4 several Castles, and that the Prince of *Montesarchio* should Command as General, both the Fleet and Gallies; that *Don Juan* was to go as Vicar-General of *Italy*, for the reducing of *Messina*, with Orders to attack it vigorously by Land. The Governments of the three vacant Provinces here, were not then disposed of. We are told, more Monies have been remitted hither by this Ordinary, for the better carrying on the preparations for the Campaign. The Prince of *Croye*, and the Count de *Roes*, have lately quitted their Regiments, which have since been Reformed. We hear from the Frontiers, that the French Troops are drawing down in great numbers, towards the Province of *Artois*, the whole Countrey being full of Soldiers from *Amiens* to *Abbeville*, and all that Countrey round, as well as on this side towards *Charleroy*.

*Ofsend, March 21.* Our Letter from *Holland* say, that the Prince of *Orange* will be in these Provinces the next month, and hold his Rendezvous about *Alost*, in order to which, 30000 Rations of Corn are arrived at *Antwerp* from *Holland*, and as much more is said to be shipped in six great Vessels, to be laid up at *Ipres*, where they intend to make a Magazine; all the Soldiers that were at *Bruges*, except two Walloon Regiments are marched to *Ipres*, and in their rooms they expect a Garrison of *Hollanders*.

*Hague, March 9.* Yesterday towards evening, his Highness the Prince of *Orange* parted hence on his way to *Cleves*, where the Elector of *Brandenburg* is supposed to have been ever since Saturday. His Highness intends to be back here by Monday next or sooner. After which, his Highness may in 14 or 15 days part towards *Brabant*, where his Army will Rendezvous. The Duke of *Hanover* can, as we are told, by no means be persuaded to quit his Engagements with the Crown of *Sweden*, he declaring, that his only designe is, to procure a general Peace, and the quiet of the Empire. The Danish Ambassador continues to give this State great assurances of his Masters good intentions, provided the Subsidies promised, are punctually paid. On Saturday last, trial was made here of a new sort of Boats, they are of Tinn, and not above 660 pounds weight, yet big enough to carry 40 persons, and are supposed to be very useful for the making of Bridges, in order to the passage of Rivers.

*Paris, March 20.* His Majesty has, its said, declared his resolution of parting from hence the 24 of the next month towards *Flanwers*. In the interim the Troops begin to march to the places assigned for their Rendezvous, and all things are preparing, in order to the opening of the Campaign. Here is an Envoye from the King of *Denmark*, who has had Audience of His Majesty, whom he assured, as is said, of the resolution of the King his Master, not to engage himself in the present War, but to continue the Amity, and good Correspondence with his Majesty.

*Truro, March 5.* On Thursday last happened a very sad accident at *St. Columbs*, about 10 miles from hence, viz. Some Laborers having been at work about mending the Church there, and being gone to dinner, several Children came in to play, and finding there certain Barrels of Powder, being the Parish Store, and one Barrel with the Head open, they made Squibs, and fired them, which some other lesser Boys observing, went, as is thought, to the Barrel, with Fire in their hands, which seized in the Powder, and blew up them, and greatest part of the Church.

*Pendennis, March 8.* On Monday arrived here several Vessels outward bound; and that day went out the two Dutch Men of War (of whose arrival we have formerly told you) to cruise, the three Dutch Merchantsmen that came in with them, being ordered to expect their return.

#### Advertisements.

☞ *The description of the Universal Judgement*, with other devout Discourses. By *Claud Manger*, Master of Languages, Sold by *Maribew Turner*, Bookseller, near the Great Turnstile in *Holborn*.

Whereas *Abraham Anselm*, *John Perry*, and *Edward Buckley* Esquires, Farmers of His Majesties Duties on Firehearts and Stoves, before the Feast of *St. Michael* last, did demise unto *John Dunclynn*, of *Roskill-Wood* in the County of *Nottingham*, Esq; His Majesties Duties on Firehearts and Stoves, within the County of *Northampton*, for three years, from the six and twentieth of *March* then last past; and for nonperformance of the Conditions in the said Lease, contained on the part of the said *John Dunclynn* to be performed: the said Farmers have reassumed the said Farm, and avoyded the said Lease, and have revoked all Commissions to him and his Officers, before this time granted. There are to desire all persons inhabiting in the said County of *Northampton* to take notice hereof, and that they pay no money on account of the said Duty, to any person or persons pretending Authority or Deputations from the said Farmers, unless such Deputation from them do bear date since the twentieth day of *February* last past.

Lost out of *Major Warcopps Hall* in *Dunham-yard*, upon Wednesday last, a Hawking-bag of writings belonging to *Mr. Stephen Smith* Messenger, for receiving his Majesties arrears of Quit-rents for several Counties; if any person shall give notice where the same may be had to *Mr. Robert Croops* Sword-Cutler next door to the Royal-oak without *Temple-Bar*, shall have 10 s. for their pains, and all persons concerned in payment of arrears of Quit-rents to his Majesty for the Counties of *Gloucester*, *Wilts*, *Hampshire*, *Oxford*, and *Berks*, are hereby required to forbear payment of any money, to any person except such as shall produce his Majesties Patent, and Badge.