

# The London Gazette.

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From Saturday September 17, to Tuesday September 20, 1757.

By the KING,  
A. PROCLAMATION.

GEORGE R.

**W**HEREAS Our Parliament stands prorogued to Thursday the Twenty Second Day of this Instant September; We, with the Advice of Our Privy Council, do hereby publish and declare, That the said Parliament shall be further prorogued; on the said Twenty Second Day of September, to Tuesday the Fifteenth Day of November next; And we have given Order to Our Keeper of Our Great Seal of Great Britain, to prepare a Commission for proroguing the same accordingly. And We do hereby further declare Our Royal Will and Pleasure, That the said Parliament shall, on the said Fifteenth Day of November next, be held, and sit for the Dispatch of divers weighty and important Affairs: And the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and the Knights, Citizens, and Burgeses, and the Commissioners for Shires and Burghs of the House of Commons, are hereby required to give their Attendance accordingly at Westminster, on the said Fifteenth Day of November next.

Given at Our Court at *Kensington*, the Twentieth Day of *September*, 1757, in the Thirty First Year of Our Reign.

GOD Save the KING.

**A**T the Court at *Kensington*, the 20th Day of *September*, 1757,

P R E S E N T,

The KING's most Excellent Majesty in Council.

**W**HEREAS the Time limited by His Majesty's Order in Council, of the Ninth of August last, For paying the respective Bounties therein mentioned, to all Able and Ordinary Seamen, and also to all Able-bodied Landmen, who should voluntarily enter themselves in His Majesty's Royal Navy; and likewise for paying the Rewards to Persons discovering Seamen who should conceal themselves, is near expiring: And whereas it is judged expedient for His Majesty's Service, That the Bounties and Rewards thereby given, should be continued to be paid for some Time longer; His Majesty doth therefore, by and with the Advice of His Privy Council, hereby Order,

[ Price Three-Pence. ]

That the Bounties of Three Pounds for every Able Seaman, and of Thirty Shillings for every Ordinary Seaman, not above the Age of Fifty, nor under the Age of Twenty Years; and of Thirty Shillings for every Able-bodied Landman, not above the Age of Thirty-five, nor under the Age of Twenty Years, be continued to be paid to such Seamen and Landmen respectively, who shall, on or before the Fifteenth Day of November next, enter themselves in the Royal Navy, in the Manner directed by His Majesty's Proclamation of the Fourth Day of January last; And likewise, That the Rewards of Two Pounds for every Able, and Twenty Shillings for every Ordinary Seaman, be continued to be paid to any Persons who shall, on or before the said Fifteenth Day of November next, discover any Seaman or Seamen who shall conceal themselves, so as such Seaman or Seamen be taken for His Majesty's Service. Whereof all Persons concerned are to take Notice, and govern themselves accordingly.

*W. Blair.*

Admiralty Office, September 20.

*A Letter from Vice-Admiral Watson, dated on board His Majesty's Ship the Kent, off Fort William in the East-Indies, the 24th of February, 1757, brings the following Advice.*

**O**N the 2d of February the Nabob's Army were seen marching by the English Camp, about a Mile Distance towards the Town; and when they were got to a convenient Spot of Ground, they encamped there. Hereupon Col. Clive applied to the Admiral for a Party of Seamen to reinforce him. Accordingly Capt. Warrick received Orders on the 4th to take upon him the Command of a Detachment of Sailors to join Col. Clive, in order to force and drive the Nabob out of his Camp. On the 5th, at One in the Morning, Capt. Warrick landed his Men a little above Kelsal's Octagon, which were as follows; 180 from the Kent, 173 from the Tyger, 120 from the Salisbury, 29 from the Bridgwater, 37 from the Sloop, and 30 from the India Men, in all 569 Men. About Two he joined the Colonel, whose Troops were under Arms, and ready to march, on which our Men were disposed of, to guard and attend the Train, which consisted of 6 Field Pieces, and 1 Haubitzer. Soon after this, they marched off the Ground in the following

lowing Order: The King's Troops and Company's Grenadiers in the Front, the Sailors with the Train next, the Battallion after, and Seapoys in the Rear. At Three the Colonel altered his Disposition, and marched the Battallion before the Train. In this Order they marched till Five, when the Troops in the Van were charged by the Enemies Horse in their Camp, but it did not seem to retard our March, and, by the Time our Rear Guard were entered, the Engagement became general from Hedges and Bushes; on which we play'd our Artillery, defending the Right and Left of our Army all the Way through the Camp, in which we found dead Men and Horses. Here our Men were diverted by killing their Bullocks, Camels, and what Horses were left in our March, which we continued with great Rapidity, driving the Enemy before us, till they lodged themselves in a Tope near Mezer's Garden, behind the Hedges: From hence they detached a large Body of Horse, with two Cannon, to the Cross Road of the Bunglo, which we soon dislodged with our Field Pieces, after receiving a few Shots; and from thence marched into the Field. In this Action were killed 12 Seamen, 10 Captains of the Company's Troops, 17 private Men, and 10 Seapoys. The Number wounded were about 15 Seamen, and 50 Soldiers and Seapoys. Lieut. Lutwidge of the Salisbury, the only Officer mortally wounded.

The Nabob's Army was said to consist of 15,000 Foot and 10,000 Horse. We have had various Accounts of his Loss. A Bremin, who was soon after in the Camp, says, 1300 Men were killed and wounded, and that 21 of the former were Officers. Besides this Loss, upwards of 500 Horses were killed, several Draught Bullocks, and three or four Elephants. This Attack, tho' not attended with all the wish'd for Success, yet it was sufficient to make the Nabob very solicitous to hasten the Business of a Peace, which was concluded on, and consists of the following Articles.

*Articles acceded to, and signed by the Nabob of Bengal, 9 Feb. 1757.*

I. Whatever Rights and Privileges the King has granted the English Company in their Phirmaund, and the Husbulhoorums sent from Dilly, shall not be disputed or taken from them, and the Immunities therein mentioned be acknowledged and stand good. Whatever Villages are given the Company by the Phirmaund shall likewise be granted, notwithstanding they have been denied by former Subahs. The Zemindars of those Villages, not to be hurt or displaced without Cause.

Signed by the Nabob in his own Hand,

*I agree to the Terms of the Phirmaund.*

II. All Goods passing and repassing thro' the Country by Land or Water, with English Duties, shall be exempt from any Tax, Fee, or Imposition, from Chokeys, Gaulwalls, Zemindars, or any others.

*I agree to this.*

III. All the Company's Factories, seized by the Nabob, shall be returned. All Monies, Goods and Effects belonging to the Company, their Servants and Tenants, and which have been seized and taken by the Nabob, shall be restored. What has been plundered and pillaged by his People, made good by the Payment of such a Sum of Money, as his Justice shall think reasonable.

*I agree to restore whatever has been seized and taken by my Orders, and accounted for in my Sincany.*

IV. That we have Permission to fortify Calcutta in such Manner as we may think proper, without Interruption.

*I consent to this.*

V. That we shall have Liberty to coin Siccas both of Gold and Silver, of equal Weight and Fineness to those of Muxadavad, which shall pass in the Provinces.

*I consent to the English Company's Coining their own Imports of Bullion and Gold into Siccas.*

VI. That a Treaty shall be ratified by signing and sealing, and swearing to abide by the Articles therein contained, not only by the Nabob, but his principal Officers and Ministers.

*I have sealed and signed the Articles before the Presence of God.*

VII. That Admiral Charles Watson, and Colonel Robert Clive, on the Part and Behalf of the English Nation, and of the Company, do agree to live in a good Understanding with the Nabob; to put an End to these Troubles, and be in Friendship with him while these Articles are performed and observed by the Nabob.

*I have sealed and signed the foregoing Articles upon these Terms; That if the Governor and Council will sign and seal them with the Company's Seal, and will swear to the Performance on their Part, I then consent and agree to them.*

*Extract of a Letter from Vice Admiral Watson, dated on Board the Kent off Chandernagore, 31 March, 1757.*

Colonel Clive being joined with 300 of the Bombay Troops, who by this Reinforcement had with him 700 Europeans and 1600 Blacks, he immediately marched to Chandernagore, where he had not been long, before he took Possession of all the French Out-Posts there, except one Redoubt, situated between the River Side and the Fort Walls, wherein were mounted 8 Pieces of Cannon of 24 Pounders, 4 of which pointed down the River. On the 15th Instant I sailed with the Kent, Tyger, and Salisbury. The 20 Gun Ship and Sloop I ordered up the River some Days before to cover the Boats attending on the Camp. On the 18th I anchored about two Miles below Chandernagore, and observed the French had done every thing in their Power to obstruct our Passage, by sinking 2 Ships, a Ketch, a Hulk, a Snow, and a Vessel without any Masts, all directly in the Channel, within Gun shot

1500m

Gun-shot of the Fort, and laying 2 Bombs, moor'd with Chains, across the River. This caused some Delay, till the Bombs were cut adrift, and I could discover, by sounding, a proper Channel to pass through, which the Pilots found out without being at the Trouble of weighing any of the Vessels. Before this was sufficiently known to venture, Admiral Pocock came up to me in his Boat, and hoisted his Flag on Board the Tyger. On the 24th, at Six in the Morning, I weighed, and sailed up in the following Order; the Tyger, Kent and Salisbury. At ten Minutes after Six the Enemy began to fire from the Redoubt, which was abandoned as soon as the leading Ship got a-breast of it. At Three Quarters after Six the Ships were placed, when I caused the Signal to be made for engaging, which continued very brisk on both Sides till a Quarter past Nine. The Enemy then waved over their Walls a Flag of Truce, and desired to capitulate; and the Articles being agreed upon and signed, I sent Capt. Latham, of the Tyger, ashore to receive the Keys, and take Possession of the Fort. Col. Clive marched in with the King's Troops about Five in the Afternoon. They had in the Fort 1200 Men, of which 500 Europeans and 700 Blacks, 183 Pieces of Cannon from 24 Pounders downwards, 3 small Mortars, and a considerable Quantity of Ammunition. Besides the Ships and Vessels sunk below, to stop up the Channel, they sunk and run ashore 5 large Ships above the Fort; and we have taken four Sloops and a Snow. The Enemy had killed in the Fort 40 Men, and 70 wounded. The Kent had 19 Men killed and 49 wounded; the Tyger 13 killed and 50 wounded. Among the Number killed, was my First Lieutenant, Mr. Samuel Perreau, and the Master of the Tyger. Among the wounded was Mr. Pocock slightly hurt, Capt. Speke and his Son by the same Cannon Ball; the latter had his Leg shot off. Mr. Rawlins Hey, my Third Lieutenant, had his Thigh much shatter'd, and is in great Danger. Mr. Stanton, my Fourth Lieutenant, slightly wounded by Splinters; but the greatest Part of the Wounded have suffered much, being hurt chiefly by Cannon Shot: Several of them cannot possibly recover. I must do this Justice to all the Officers and Men in general, to say, agreeable to their usual Bravery, they behaved with great Spirit and Resolution on this Occasion; as did also the Land Forces, who kept a good and constant Fire the whole Time from two Batteries, of 4 and 2 Guns, they had raised very near the Fort.

*Kent off Calcutta in the River Hughley, April 14.*

Since the Date of my last Letter several of the wounded are dead, among whom is Mr. Rawlins Hey, my late Third Lieutenant, and Capt. Speke's Son. There are many more in great Danger.

*Admiralty Office, Sept. 20.*

Capt. Gilchrist, of His Majesty's Ship the Southampton, being on a Cruize off Brest, about five Leagues from the Land, at Break of Day, on the 12th Instant, saw a Sail in full Chace of him. He tackt and stood for her; she immediately hauled up her Courses, and brought too; soon afterwards it proved light Breezes intermixed with Calms, so that Capt. Gilchrist did not come up with her until a Quarter before Two in the Afternoon, at which Time he was within Musket Shot. She then began to fire at him, but he did not return it, until he was within 20 Yards of her, when there began a very brisk Fire on both Sides. They soon fell on board each other, when she attempted to throw her Men into him, which was vigorously disputed for about a Quarter of an Hour. Capt. Gilchrist having killed their First and Second Captains, Lieutenants, and most of their Officers, she struck. The Engagement lasted about 35 Minutes. She is a King's Ship of War, called the L'Emeraude, mounts 24 Nine, and 2 six Pounders; and had 245 Men on board, and her killed and wounded are supposed to be about 60. Capt. Gilchrist had his Second Lieutenant and 19 Men killed, and 28 wounded; amongst the latter, all his Officers, except himself, but not very dangerously. He is put into Falmouth, with the Prize, to land the Prisoners and repair his Damages.

*Grimma upon the Mulda, three Miles from Leipzig, Sept. 6.* The Prussian Army marched the 1st Instant, and encamped at Rosschemberg three Miles from Dresden; the 2d they quartered in Doblén, upon the Mulda; the 3d canton'd at Marshwitz, and in the neighbouring Villages upon the Mulda; halted the 4th at Marshwitz, and Yesterday arrived here. They have halted this Day for the coming up of the Artillery, Baggage and pontoons; and To-morrow, by break of Day, they march to Rotha upon the Pleise, where the King of Prussia, with the Van Guard, lay last Night.

*Berlin, Sept. 6.* The first Account we have received of the Action in Prussia of the 30th of last Month near the Villages of Norkitten and Staplacken is as follows: That the Russian Army, amounting to 80,000 regular Troops, had chosen a most advantageous Camp near Norkitten. It was composed of four Lines, each of which was defended by an Intrenchment with a numerous Artillery, and Batteries placed upon all the Eminences. Notwithstanding so great a Superiority, Marshal Lehwald determined to attack the Enemy with his Army, which hardly consisted of 30,000 Men. The Attack began at Five in the Morning; and was carried on with so much Vigour, that the Prussians entirely broke the whole first Line of the Enemy, and forced all their Batteries. The Prince of Holstein Gottorp, Brother to the King of Sweden,

den, at the Head of his Regiment of Dragoons, routed the Enemy's Cavalry, and afterwards fell upon a Regiment of Grenadiers, which was cut to Pieces; but when the Prussians came to the second Intrenchment, Marshal Lehwald seeing that he could not attempt to carry it without exposing his whole Army, took the Resolution to retire, which he did in the best Order, and without the Enemy's daring to stir out of their Intrenchments to pursue them. The Prussian Army returned to it's former Camp at Velau, where they still remain; as do the Enemy in their Camp. The Loss of the Prussians does not exceed 2000, killed and wounded, which Loss however was immediately replaced by the disciplined Militia. The Loss of the Enemy must be near 14000. General Lapuchin was wounded and taken Prisoner, with a Colonel of the Russian Artillery, but the former is sent back on his Parole. The Prussian Army had, at first, made themselves Masters of above 80 Pieces of Cannon, but were afterwards obliged to abandon them with 11 of their own, for Want of Carriages. The Prussians have lost no General or Officer of Distinction. Lieutenant General Count Dohna is the only one wounded. It is said there are three Russian Generals killed.

South Sea House, London, Sept. 19, 1757.

The Court of Directors of the South Sea Company give Notice, that the Transfer Books of Old South Sea Annuities First Subscription, will be shut on Tuesday the 4th of October next, at Two o'Clock, and opened again on Tuesday the 8th of November following.

That the Transfer Books of the said Annuities Second Subscription, will be shut on Wednesday the 9th of October next, at Two o'Clock, and opened again on Wednesday the 9th of November following.

And that the Warrants for the Half Year's Interest, due thereon the 10th of October next, will be paid on Saturday the 12th of November following, on which Day of Payment the Transfer Books of Old South Sea Annuities Second Subscription will be shut.

East India House, August 24, 1757.

The Court of Directors of the United Company of Merchants of England trading to the East Indies, do hereby give Notice, That a Quarterly General Court of the said Company will be held at their House in Leadenhall Street, on Wednesday the 21st Day of September next, at Eleven of the Clock in the Forenoon.

#### Advertisements.

**O**NE Hundred Guineas in Specie, given by His Majesty, will be run for on Newmarket, round the Heat's Course, on Thursday the 5th of October next, by any Horse, Mare or Gelding, being no more than six Years old the Grays before, as must be certified under the Hand of the Breeder, carrying twelve Stone, three Heats round the Heat's Course, starting and running every Heat the same Way as they do the first Heat, viz. leaving all the Puffs on the Right Hand in every Heat: To be shown and entered at His Majesty's Stables at Newmarket the Day before they run, between the Hours of One and Two of the Clock in the Afternoon, with the Mark, Name, and Name of the Owner; and if any Difference arise either in their Entering or Running, the same to be determined by the Judges appointed by the Right Honourable the Earl Cowley, Master of the Horse, according to such His Majesty's Rules and Directions as will be there produced.

**T**HE Creditors who have proved their Debts under a Commission of Bankrupt awarded against James Pardee, late of Liverpool in the County of Lancaster, Merchant, since deceased, are desired to meet the surviving Assignees of the said Bankrupt's Estate, on the 30th Day of this Instant September, by One of the Clock in the Afternoon of the same Day, at the House of Mr. Roberts, commonly called Merchant's Coffee House in Liverpool aforesaid, in order to assent to or dissent from the said Assignees commencing and prosecuting one or more Suit or Suits at Law or in Equity concerning the said Bankrupt's Estate; and to their referring to Arbitration, or otherwise compromising Differences and Disputes relating to the said Bankrupt's Estate; and on other special Affairs.

**W**HEREAS a Commission of Bankrupt is awarded and issued forth against Samuel Isaac, of Saint James's Market, within the Liberty of Westminster, in the County of Middlesex, Victualler, Dealer and Chapman, and he being declared a Bankrupt, is hereby required to surrender himself to the Commissioners in the said Commission named or the major Part of them, on the 26th and 27th of September instant, and on the 1st of November next, at Four o'Clock in the Afternoon, on each of the said Days at Guildhall, London, and make a full Discovery and Disclosure of his Estate and Effects; when and where the Creditors are to come prepared to prove their Debts, and at the Second Sitting to chuse Assignees, and at the last Sitting the said Bankrupt is required to finish his Examination, and the Creditors are to assent to or dissent from the Allowance of his Certificate. All Persons indebted to the said Bankrupt, or that have any of his Effects, are not to pay or deliver the same but to whom the Commissioners shall appoint.

**W**HEREAS a Commission of Bankrupt is awarded and issued forth against Mathew Burton, of Acomb in the County of the City of York, Coal Merchant, Dealer and Chapman, and he being declared a Bankrupt, is hereby required to surrender himself to the Commissioners in the said Commission named, or the major Part of them, on the 8th and 20th of October next, and on the 1st of November following at Three of the Clock in the Afternoon on each of the said Days, at the House of Mrs. Ann Gibson, in Leadenhall Street in the said City of York, and make a full Discovery and Disclosure of his Estate and Effects; when and where the Creditors are to come prepared to prove their Debts, and at the Second Sitting to chuse Assignees, and at the last Sitting the said Bankrupt is required to finish his Examination, and the Creditors are to assent to or dissent from the Allowance of his Certificate. All Persons indebted to the said Bankrupt, or that have any of his Effects, are not to pay or deliver the same, but to whom the Commissioners shall appoint, but give Notice to Mr. Thomas Lund, Attorney in York.

**T**HE Commissioners in a Commission of Bankrupt awarded and issued forth against Richard Smith, of Oundle in the County of Northampton, Mercer and Draper, intend to meet on the 17th of October next, at Ten of the Clock in the Forenoon, at the House of William Crookes, known by the Sign of the Talbot in Oundle aforesaid, in order to make a final Dividend of the said Bankrupt's Estate and Effects; when and where the Creditors, who have not already proved their Debts, are to come prepared to prove the same, or they will be excluded the Benefit of the said Dividend.

**T**HE Commissioners in a Commission of Bankrupt awarded and issued forth against William Ledyard, now or late of the City of Bristol, Grocer, and the surviving Assignees of his Estate chosen under the said Commission, intend to meet on Wednesday the 19th of October next, between the Hours of Ten and Twelve of the Clock in the Forenoon, at the House of Matthew Mease, Vintner, commonly called the Nag's Head Tavern in Wine Street, Bristol, in order to make a final Dividend of the said Bankrupt's Estate and Effects; when and where the Creditors who have not already proved their Debts, are to come prepared to prove the same, or they will be excluded the Benefit of the said Dividend.

**W**HEREAS the acting Commissioners in the Commission of Bankrupt awarded against Robert Short, of Naggshead Court Grove Church Street, London, Merchant, Jeweller, Dealer and Chapman, have certified to the Right Honourable Sir Robert Henley, Knight, Lord Keeper of the Great Seal of Great Britain, that the said Robert Short hath in all Things conformed himself according to the Directions of the several Acts of Parliament made concerning Bankrupts; This is to give Notice, That by Virtue of an Act passed in the Fifth Year of his present Majesty's Reign, his Certificate will be allowed and confirmed as the said Act directs, unless Cause be shewn to the contrary on or before the 20th of October next.

In last Saturday's Gazette, in the Advertisement of Mory Willson, for the second Sitting on the 24th of September Instant, read the 23d.