

# The London Gazette.

Published by Authority.

From Tuesday March 7, to Saturday March 11, 1758.

*Translation of the Extract of a Report from a Hanoverian Officer to Prince Ferdinand of Brunswick. Hoya, Feb. 24.*

**I**N Pursuance of your Orders, the Prince Hereditary of Brunswick began to march to Doevern, Yesterday the 23d, at Seven o'Clock in the Morning: It was Eleven when we arrived there, being obliged to wait for the Hussars and Dragoons. From thence we marched towards Bremen, where, as we were informed, there were some Floats of Timber: We found but one, and two or three small Boats, which might serve to carry about eight Men each. We were too far advanced to think of retiring; and, besides, the Intelligence we had endeavoured to procure about the Place, and the Dispositions made by the Enemy for its Security, gave us some Prospect of Success.

We then detached 30 Hussars upon our Left to Haffel, and Lieutenant Engel with ten Men for the Van. Lieutenant Luckner passed the Weser with 30 more, in order to cover our Right. The Battalion of Oberg's, and the Squadron of Dragoons, were destined to make a feint Attack on the Left Side of the Weser. The three other Battalions were to pass the River, and enter the back Part of the Town. As we had but one Float, the Passage of the Troops over the River took up much Time; and the Wind rose so high, that after one Half of the first Battalion of Brunswick Guards had passed, the other Half was separated by it. Upon this, it was resolved to leave the rest on the other Side, viz. one Battalion of Oberg's, the second Battalion of the Brunswick Guards, the Remainder of the first Battalion of that Regiment, and the Hessian Squadron. Between Four and Five o'Clock we marched with the Regiment of Haufs, a Part of the first Battalion, and a Haubitzer. When we were got upon the Cause-way, about a Mile and a Half from the Town, through some Mistake, which might have cost us very dear, our Detachment fired upon four of the Enemy's Dragoons, who were patrolling. This Firing was caught from one to another, and at last became general. This unlucky Accident was more than sufficient to discover us, and bring us into the greatest Distress. However, a bold Countenance upon the Occasion became necessary; and we marched on, with the utmost Diligence, to the Town. We met, at first, with no Opposition, and advanced as far as the Bridge. There the Fire grew exceeding smart; yet we never gave Ground, though we were so hard pushed. But as the whole Detachment could not equally be brought up, the Prince Hereditary formed the Design of turning the Enemy; and accordingly marched with that Part of his first Battalion that crossed the River with him. It was necessary, for that Purpose, to

go round the Town, and to pass through a Garden and a House, and so attack the Enemy in the Rear. This succeeded; and the Bayonet fixed was chiefly used on this Occasion; so that it must be said, Humanity suffered for the Slaughter that then happened. The Enemy abandoned the Bridge; and the Prince joined the Hanoverians again.

The Regiment of Brittany, and some Parties of Dragoons, were upon their March; and as we did not find ourselves absolutely sure of keeping this Post, the Capitulation hereafter mentioned was granted. The Lorraine Guards are demolished. I cannot yet exactly tell their Loss, but it is very great. On our Side, Major Kropf is mortally wounded. Capt. Koppelow has a slight Wound in his Thigh. There are two Men killed, and ten wounded, among the Subalterns and private Men. The Regiment of Haufs had 12 Men killed, and 60 wounded.

The Officers, who particularly distinguished themselves, were, M. de la Motte, who has acted with great Prudence and Courage. Lieutenant Engel commanded the Attack on the Left Side of the River, and did alone, by his well-judged Conduct, fix the Enemy's whole Attention, which cannot be sufficiently commended. Capt. Bourdon, of Haufs's, behaved extremely well. Mess. Richter, Koppelow the Captain, and his Brother the Lieutenant, as well as Ensign Vitzhum, have all behaved as Men of Courage and Honour ought to do.

*Capitulation, between his most Serene Highness the Hereditary Prince of Brunswick Luneburg on the one Part; and the Comte de Chabot, Brigadier of the French King's Army, Commander of a Body of Royal Volunteers, and Grand Huntsman of Lorraine and Bar, on the other Part.*

1. The Garrison shall go out with all the Honours of War, and the Officers with their Baggage.
2. After the Signing of this present Capitulation, the Garrison shall immediately go to whatever place it may think proper, and no Act of Hostility shall be committed on either Side, till it arrives at the Place of its Destination. The Detachment of Bigneux, of the Regiment of Brittany, which was to come to the Succour of this Place, shall also be comprehended in the present Article.
3. The Count de Chabot gives his Parole of Honour, to deliver up all the Cannon, Ammunition, and Provisions belonging to the French King, to his most Serene Highness; Particulars of which shall be delivered to his most Serene Highness by an Officer appointed for that Purpose.
4. All the Prisoners taken during the Action, as well Officers as private Men, shall be treat-

ed as such : But the Chaplains, Surgeons, and Officers Servants, shall be released.

In Witness whereof his most Serene Highness and the Count de Chabot have signed the

above-mentioned Capitulation. Done at Hoya, the 23d of February 1758, at Nine o'Clock at Night.

*Chabot.*

*List of the French Prisoners of War taken at the Attack of Hoya, Feb. 23.*

Names of Officers.	Rank.		Of what Regiment.
1. du Lauza, —	Captain, —	} wounded.	} Of Brittany.
2. de Sorbier, —	Captain of Grenadiers, —		
3. d'Asan, —	Lieutenant, —		
4. Fontenille, —	Lieutenant, —		
5. Biett, —	Lieut. of Grenadiers, —	} wounded.	} Of Gardes Lorraines.
6. Regnac, —	Captain, —		
7. Maillane, —	Second Captain, —		
8. la Violette, —	Lieut. of Grenadiers, —		
9. Fassion, —	Lieut. of Grenadiers, —	} wounded.	} Of the Royal Volunteers. Of Gens d'Armes. Of the Mestre de Camp General.
10. la Bastie, —	Lieutenant, —		
11. le Guillon, —	Lieutenant, —		
12. St. Genis, —	Captain, —		
13. Giemare, —	Captain, —	} wounded.	}
14. Costemore, —	Lieutenant, —		
15. Isvard, —	Lieutenant, —		
16. Chev. de Vaugrand, —	Captain, —		
17. Vaincre, —	Lieutenant, —	} wounded.	}
18. la Gaumarie, —	Captain, —		
19. Bourdon, —	Aid Major, —		

*Subalterns, Drums, and private Men.*

Regiment.	Number.	Of which are wounded.
Gardes Lorraines, —	305	27
Britanny, —	56	15
Royal Volunteers, —	1	
Harcourt's Dragoons, —	2	
—Mestre de Camp, —	28	
Dampiere, Horse, —	1	
<b>Total</b>	<b>393</b>	<b>42</b>
	19 Officers.	
	8 Commis.	

Sick made Prisoners in the }  
Hospital at Memfen, — } 250

In all 670

*Extract of a Letter from Osnabrug, March 1.*

We begin now to be distressed in a different Manner from what we have hitherto experienced. The French who were in Bremen, finding themselves, by the taking of Hoya, cut off from all Communication and Subsistence, immediately evacuated that Town, and all the Posts they possessed on this Side the Weser. They are all retiring hither, and their Baggage Waggons is going in all Haste towards Munster : We have at present but four Battalions of the Regiment of Champagne, one Regiment of Cavalry, and one of Dragoons, but we are still in Expectation, to Day, of M. de St. Germain with 21 Battalions and 22 Squadrons. He was Yesterday at Dam. All of them will be quartered in this Town ; those who are at present in it, are the first of those who fled. I am this Instant assured, that there is a Body of 16,000 Hanoverians at Bassum near Vecht : If this is true, I believe I shall soon see an Action.

The French don't know what is become of the Prince of Clermont, and are without Orders. The general Opinion is, that they will attempt to reach Wesel. As they have been obliged to set Fire to their Magazines at Diepholtz, at Hoya, and other Places, 'tis impossible for them to subsist here, this Country being entirely exhausted of Forage. Notwithstanding this, they have exacted 250,000 Rations, and have received for Answer, that they may take what they can find, it being impossible to furnish them with 10,000 of the Quantity demanded. It is shocking to see these Troops on their March ; they have have not even a Waggon ; the Peasants are obliged to convey every Thing ; the Regiments have only a few Mules to carry their Canteens. I saw the Day before Yesterday about 50 of the Peasants Waggons, with four Horses, conducted by Soldiers, the Peasants having made their Escape, and abandoned them ; the Country will be ruined if this continues. I took the Liberty to speak to some French

French Officers with a great deal of Frankness and Sincerity; they themselves encouraged me to it by the dreadful Accounts they give of their Generals and their Conduct. They don't even spare the Ministry of Versailles.

*Copy of a Letter from Osnabrug, March 3.*

This is the Sequel to my Letter of the 1st Instant, which I finished in order to meet the Corps commanded by M. de St. Germain, which arrived an Hour after, worn out with Fatigue by the forced Marches, which the Hussars had obliged them to make, who, in all Probability, would have harrassed them much more, had they not found such a Quantity of Baggage, which stuck fast in the miry Roads. The Black Hussars came very opportunely; they have made a very considerable Booty, and we hear nothing but the Complaints of many Officers of Rank, who have saved nothing but the Shirts upon their Backs. Imagine what a Confusion there is in this Town, where there are 21 Battalions and some Squadrons quartered. But that is a Trifle if not attended by a most calamitous Scarcity of Provisions which begins to be felt. We had been without Bread for these three Days past, had we not taken the Precaution to lay in a Store of it, and that is now as hard as Stone. The Meat that was sold five Days ago for five Sols per Pound now costs above two Florins. Two Hanoverian Trumpets entered the City Yesterday. The Inhabitants imagined a Hanoverian Corps was at the Gates, and that they came to summon the Commandant to surrender; which put them into a terrible Consternation. They were bringing back some Safe-Guards. The Hussars have been seen about three Leagues from hence; but I don't hear where the different Bodies of the Allies are. The greatest Part of the French Troops is supposed to be at Hamelen, but it is uncertain, whether this or Minden is to be the Place of Junction: All we know is, that the Baggage goes by Munster to Wesel, and the Officers say, that the Army will take the same Route.

*Extract of a Letter from the Head Quarters of Prince Ferdinand of Brunswick, dated Saxenbagen, March 3.*

We continue our Pursuit of the French. General Oberg, the Hereditary Prince of Brunswick, and General Schullenbourg, march with a considerable Corps on the other Side of the Weser, and we advance, at an equal Distance, on this Side. If Minden is not abandoned, it will probably be attacked To-morrow. The Prince of Holstein has one Day's March of us. He has just made many more Prisoners; and the Plunder they have taken from the Enemy is very considerable. Our Chasseurs, that the Duke had left on the Aller, are advanced as far as Hildesheim, where they have joined the advanced Guard of Prince Henry of Prussia, who had his Head Quarters at Hessen the 1st of this Month, and has put a Garrison into Wolfenbuttle and Goslar.

*St. James's, March 7.*

This Day Signior Zon, Resident from Venice, had his Audience of Leave of His Majesty; and afterwards the Count de Colombo, his Successor in the same Character, had his first private Audience to present his Credentials.

To which they were both introduced by the Right Honourable the Earl of Holderness, one of His Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State, and conducted by Charles Cottrell, Esq; Assistant Master of the Ceremonies.

*Saville House, March 9.*

This Day Signior Zon, Resident from Venice, had a private Audience of Leave, and the Count de Colombo, his Successor in the same Character, had his first private Audience of His Royal Highness the Prince of Wales.

They had afterwards private Audiences of Her Royal Highness the Princess Dowager of Wales at Leicester House.

To which they were introduced by Charles Cottrell, Esq; Assistant Master of the Ceremonies.

*Lord Chamberlain's Office, March 10.*

Orders for the Change of the Mourning for her late Royal Highness the Princess Carolina, on Sunday the 26th Instant, viz.

The Men to continue in Black full trimmed, plain or fringed Linnen, black Swords and Buckles.

Undress, Grey Frocks.

The Ladies to wear black Silk, fringed or plain Linnen, white Gloves, black and white Shoes, Fans and Tippets, white Necklaces and Earrings. No Diamonds.

Undress, White or Grey Lustrings, Tambies or Damasks.

*Whitehall Treasury Chambers, Dec. 1, 1757.*

W H E R E A S adhering to the King's Enemies, by giving to them Aid or Comfort, either within his Realm, or elsewhere, is High Treason, and the Concealment thereof is Misprision of Treason;

And Whereas the Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury have received Information, That a Loan of Money for that Purpose is at this Time negotiating in this Kingdom; Their Lordships do hereby promise a Reward of Two Hundred Pounds to any Person, by whose Discovery any Subject of His Majesty, or any Person residing within this Realm, shall be convicted of lending or advancing directly or indirectly, or of causing or procuring to be so lent or advanced, or of subscribing for, or contributing to, or of soliciting or contracting for or remitting, either in Coin or Bullion, or by Bill or Bills of Exchange, or by any other Means whatsoever, any Sum or Sums of Money, to or for the Use or Purpose aforesaid. The said Reward to be paid immediately on the Conviction of every such Offender, by the Solicitor of the Treasury, without Deduction, their Lordships having given Directions for the immediate Prosecution of such Offenders.

Office of Ordnance, Tower of London,  
February 28, 1758.

The Lieutenant General and the rest of the Principal Officers of His Majesty's Ordnance do hereby give Notice to all Persons who are willing to contract for supplying the said Office with such Quantities of Tanfield Moor Coals as may be wanted for His Majesty's Service at the Tower, Woolwich, and Greenwich, for the Barracks, Guard Houses, Infirmaries, Offices, Smiths Shops, &c. that they may leave their Proposals in Writing, sealed up, at the Office, on or before Tuesday the 14th of March, when those who tender the lowest Price will be agreed with.

By Order of the Board,

W. Bogdani.

Navy Office, March 2, 1758.

The Principal Officers and Commissioners of His Majesty's Navy give Notice, that there is in the Hands of the Treasurer of the Navy, Money to pay off all Bills registered on the Course of the Navy in the Month of September 1757, in order that the Proprietors of, or such Persons

Persons as are legally empowered to receive the same, may bring them to this Office to be assigned for Payment accordingly.

Viſtualling Office, March 10, 1758.

The Commissioners for Viſtualling His Majesty's Navy do hereby give Notice, That on Wednesday the 22d Instant, exactly at Twelve o'Clock at Noon, they will be ready to treat with such Persons as are inclinable to furnish Dantzic, Stetin, and Hamburgh Pipe Staves, and Hamburgh and Stetin Hogſhead Staves, for the Service of His Majesty's Navy.

March 11, 1758.

The Court of Directors of the Bank of England give Notice, That a General Court to consider of a Dividend will be held at the Bank, on Thursday next the 16th Instant, at Eleven in the Forenoon.

And also, That another General Court will be held at the Bank on Tuesday the 4th of April next, from Nine in the Forenoon to Six in the Afternoon, for the Election of a Governor and Deputy-Governor for the Year ensuing; which Election will be declared that Evening. And the said Court will be continued by Adjournment, and held at the same Place, and during the same Hours, on Wednesday the 5th of April, for the Election of Twenty-four Directors, (which will be also one of the Quarterly General Courts appointed by the Charter.) And the Election of the Twenty-four Directors will be declared as soon as the Scrutiny is over.

Printed Lists of the Proprietors, having Votes, will be ready to be delivered at the Bank, on Thursday the 30th Instant.

Robert Lewin, Secretary.

East-India-House, March 8, 1758.

The Court of Directors of the United Company of Merchants of England trading to the East-Indies do hereby give Notice, That they will lay before the Quarterly General Court of the said Company, which is to be held at their House in Leadenhall-street, on Wednesday the 15th Instant, at Eleven in the Forenoon, the Letters lately received from Bengal; which give an Account of a Revolution in that Country very advantageous to the Company.

South-Sea-House, London, Mar. 9, 1758.

The Court of Directors of the South-Sea Company give Notice, That a General Court of the said Company will be held at this House, on Thursday the 16th Instant, at Eleven in the Forenoon, being one of the Half-yearly General Courts appointed by the Charter.

English Copper-House, March 8, 1758.

The Governor and Company of Copper Miners in England hereby give Notice, That a General Court of the said Company will be held at their House in Bush-Lane, on Tuesday the 4th of April next, from Ten in the Forenoon till One in the Afternoon, for the Election of a Governor, Deputy-Governor, and Ten Assistants, for the Year ensuing, and to consider of a Dividend; also that the Transfer Books of the said Company will be shut from Wednesday the 15th Instant, till Wednesday the 12th of April next. They further give Notice, That printed Lists of the Proprietors of reduced Shares will be ready to be delivered at the said House on Thursday the 23d Instant.

Advertisements.

On Thursday next will be published,

In Two VOLUMES, QUARTO,

THE HISTORY of the Life and Reign of PHILIP King of MACEDON, Father of ALEXANDER.

By THOMAS LELAND, D. D.  
Fellow of Trinity College, Dublin.

Printed for W. Johnston in St. Paul's Church Yard.

N. B. The Subscribers Books will be ready to be delivered at the same Time, on sending their Receipts, and making the Second Payments.

## Dr. ANDERSON'S, or The Famous SCOTS PILLS;

ARE faithfully prepared only by JAMES ENGLISH, Son of DAVID ENGLISH, deceased, at the Unicorn, over-against the New Church in the Strand, London; and to prevent Counterfeits from Scotland, as well as in and about London, you are desired to take Notice, That the true Pills have their Boxes sealed on the Top (in black Wax) with a Lyon Rampant, and Three Mulletts Argent, Dr. Anderson's Head betwixt I. I. with his Name round it, and Isabella English underneath the Shield in a Scroll. They are of excellent Use in all Cafes where Purging is necessary, and may be taken with Epſom, Tunbridge, or other Medicinal Waters.

THE Creditors who have proved their Debts under a Commission of Bankrupt awarded and issued against Thomas Noake, of Green Lettice Lane, London, Merchant, a Bankrupt are desired to meet the Assignees of the said Bankrupt's Estate and Effects, on the 13th Instant, at Six in the Evening, at the Feather's Tavern in Chesapside, in order to assent to or dissent from the said Assignees commencing and prosecuting one or more Suit or Suits at Law or in Equity, concerning the said Bankrupt's Estate and Effects; and also compounding and submitting to Arbitration, or otherwise agreeing any Matter in Dispute relating thereto, and upon other special Affairs. Enquire for N<sup>o</sup> 8.

THE Creditors who have proved their Debts under a Commission of Bankrupt awarded against Sharrow Wighman, late of Leather Lane, Holborn, in the County of Middlesex, Brewer, are desired to meet the surviving Assignees of the said Bankrupt's Estate and Effects, on Wednesday the 15th Day of March Instant, at Eleven of the Clock in the Forenoon, at the Amsterdam Coffee House behind the Royal-Exchange, on special Affairs.

Pursuant to a Decree of His Majesty's Court of Exchequer, made the 24th Day of February 1755, the Creditors of Lewis Lewis, late of Doleyclettwr in the County of Cardigan, Esq; deceased, are to come before Charles Taylor, Esq; the Deputy Remembrancer of the said Court, at the King's Remembrancer's Office in the Inner Temple, London, on or before the 19th Day of April next, to prove their respective Debts, or in Default thereof they will be peremptorily excluded the Benefit of the said Decree.

TO be sold, before Thomas Bennett, Esq; one of the Masters of the High Court of Chancery, at his House in Curſitor Street, A Freehold Farm situate at Studdal, in the Parishes of Little Mungham, Northborne and Sutton, in the County of Kent, within about three Miles of Dover, consisting of a good Farm House, with two Barns, good Stabling, a Dovehouse, and other convenient Outhouses, in good Repair, and about 130 Acres of Arable Land, and about three Acres of Wood Land, now lett at Sixty Pounds per Annum to Mr. William Paramour. One Moiety of the said Farm, being late the Estate of James Chetham, deceased, is to be sold pursuant to a Decree of the said High Court of Chancery; and the other Moiety, being the Property of a Party to the said Decree, is to be sold by his Consent. Particulars may be had at the said Master's House.

WHEREAS a Commission of Bankrupt is awarded and issued forth against Robert Ramsay, of Woburn in the County of Bedford, Dealer and Chapman, and he being declared a Bankrupt, is hereby required to surrender himself to the Commissioners in the said Commission named, or the major Part of them, on the 18th of March Instant, at Four o'Clock in the Afternoon, and on the 25th of the said Month of March, at Eleven of the Clock in the Forenoon, and on the 22d of April next, at Four o'Clock in the Afternoon, at Guildhall, London, and make a full Discovery and Disclosure of his Estate and Effects; when and where the Creditors are to come prepared to prove their Debts, and at the second Sitting to chuse Assignees, and at the last Sitting the said Bankrupt is required to finish his Examination, and the Creditors are to assent to or dissent from the Allowance of his Certificate. All Persons indebted to the said Bankrupt, or that have any of his Effects, are not to pay or deliver the same but to whom the Commissioners shall appoint, but give Notice to Mr. James Penvold, Attorney, on Gailick Hill, London.

THE Dividend of the Estate and Effects of Benjamin Horrock, of Birch Lane, London, Hardwareman, Dealer and Chapman, advertised to be made on the 25th Day of this Instant March; This is to give Notice that the said Dividend is put off to a further Time.

WHEREAS the acting Commissioners in the Commission of Bankrupt awarded against Thomas Powell, late of the City of Chester, Shipwright, Dealer and Chapman, have certified to the Rt. Hon. Sir Robert Henley, Knt. Lord Keeper of the Great Seal of Great Britain, that the said Thomas Powell hath in all Things conformed himself according to the Directions of the several Acts of Parliament made concerning Bankrupts; This is to give Notice, that by Virtue of an Act passed in the fifth Year of his present Majesty's Reign, his Certificate will be allowed and confirmed as the said Act directs, unless Cause be shewn to the contrary on or before the 1st of April next.

In last Tuesday's Gazette, for Choice of Assignees of the Estate of William Warner, read John Warner.