

his Retreat towards Lusatia and Bohemia might be cut off, withdrew from about Dresden, and marched towards Zittau; and the Prince of Deux Ponts kept quiet at Struppen. This sudden Change is owing to the Approach of the different Prussian Corps, under Prince Francis of Brunswick, General Ziethen, and the King of Prussia himself. His Prussian Majesty having left Count Dohna to pursue the Russians in their precipitate Retreat to the Vistula, marched towards the Austrians on the 2d Instant, and was to be in Lusatia on the 6th. Our last Letters from thence are of the 5th from Trebatzsch. The Russians, in order to be disencumbered of all unnecessary Baggage in their Retreat, have thought proper to burn a great Part of their Waggon; so that there seems to be no Apprehension of their attempting to make a Stand any where at present. The Armies upon the Lippe furnish nothing new. The French are getting together a great deal of Forage at Roermonde; which makes People imagine, that they intend to repass the Rhine as soon as the Season of the Year furnishes them with an Excuse for so doing, in order to take their Winter Quarters in the Netherlands.

Admiralty Office, September 19.

Yesterday the Right Honourable Lord Anson, with Part of His Majesty's Fleet under his Command, arrived at Spithead; as did likewise Commodore Lord Howe, and Lieutenant General Bligh.

Admiralty Office, September 19.

Extract of a Letter from Capt. Pallyser, of the Shrewsbury, at Sea, to Lord Anson, dated Sept. 14, 1758.

On the 12th Instant, in the Forenoon, I join'd the Unicorn and Lizard. In the Afternoon, standing in Shore, the Lizard being a-head, and the Rest of the Ships following, got Sight of a great Number of small Coasting Vessels under Convoy of the Thetis and Calipso Frigates, and an armed Snow, working between the Passes of Fontenoy and Toulouquet towards Brest, with the Wind Northerly; the greatest Part of them got into the Pass of Toulouquet, where nothing could get at them. Captain Hartwell, of the Lizard, run all Risks to cut some of them off, and accordingly got between the Toulouquet and the Frigates, and Part of the Convoy, on which they bore away for the South Shore. Captain Hartwell came up with, and engaged both the Thetis and Calipso alone very bravely, for above two Hours; then the Thetis sheer'd off; and run in for the Rocks at the Mouth of the River Poul Davit. A little before dark the Calipso, and about 20 Sail of the small Craft, run on Shore upon the Rocks, at or near a Place called Point de Leven, where Captain Hartwell concludes she would break up, it being the Lee Shore, she laying upon a large Heel, and, with the Swell of the Sea, striking very hard upon the Rocks, with her Yards and Sails, &c. shot all to Pieces. The Lizard had one Man killed, and eight wounded, and received some Damage in her Hull, Masts, Yards, &c. At Ten at Night I anchored between the Rocks called Lebouc and Basse Ville, and lay there till the Stirling Castle, Unicorn, and Lizard, who were within us, came out.

Whitehall Treasury Chambers, Dec. 1, 1757.

WHEREAS adhering to the King's Enemies, by giving to them Aid or Comfort, either within his Realm, or else-

where, is High Treason, and the Concealment thereof is Misprision of Treason;

And Whereas the Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury have received Information, That a Loan of Money for that Purpose is at this Time negotiating in this Kingdom; Their Lordships do hereby promise a Reward of Two Hundred Pounds to any Person, by whose Discovery any Subject of His Majesty, or any Person residing within this Realm, shall be convicted of lending or advancing directly or indirectly, or of causing or procuring to be so lent or advanced, or of subscribing for, or contributing to, or of soliciting or contracting for or remitting, either in Coin or Bullion, or by Bill or Bills of Exchange, or by any other Means whatsoever, any Sum or Sums of Money, to or for the Use or Purpose aforesaid. The said Reward to be paid immediately on the Conviction of every such Offender, by the Solicitor of the Treasury, without Deduction, their Lordships having given Directions for the immediate Prosecution of such Offenders.

Admiralty-Office, August 8, 1758.

MY Lords Commissioners of the Admiralty, having received authentick Information, that a Dutch Ship named the City of Rotterdam, whereof Warner Pieterfon was Master, laden with different Kinds of Merchandize; and also with the Baggage, consisting of very valuable Effects, of the Marquis de Pignatellij, Minister from the Court of Spain to the Court of Denmark, and having likewise on Board his Household Steward, Confectioner, and Cook, and also the Coachman of the Danish Ambassador residing at Paris; and being bound from Rouen to Rotterdam, was, in the Course of her said Voyage, on the 30th Day of June last, boarded three several Times, by the Crews, or Parts of the Crews, of three different English Ships or Vessels, pretending to be Privateers; and that some of the Crew of one of the said English Vessels, (which had two Masts) went on Board the said Dutch Ship, about Six o'Clock in the Morning of the said Day, and after searching her, took and unlawfully carried away with them two Oars, one Boat Hook, and a Dutch Cheese: And that about Nine o'Clock the same Morning, Ten of the Crew of another of the said English Vessels, (being a Cutter, or one Mast Sloop) went armed with Cutlasses, Pistols and Hatchets, on Board the said Dutch Ship, and after examining the Papers, they by Violence forced open the Hatchways, and went into the said Ship's Hold, and there broke open two Trunks belonging to the said Marquis de Pignatellij, wherein were rich Cloths, and laced Liveries, which they took and carried away, to their own Ship: And that about Two o'Clock in the Afternoon of the same Day, the Commander, who was a young Man, and wore a Gold laced Hat, together with some of the Crew of another of the said English Vessels, (being a Cutter, or single Mast Sloop, mounted with four Guns) came armed as aforesaid, on Board the said Dutch Ship, and after examining the Ship's Papers, and those of the Passengers, pretended the same were False and Counterfeit, and then went into the said Ship's Hold, and began to plunder the Effects there; and that whilst they were so doing, the Crew of the aforesaid English Vessel, which Boarded the said Dutch Ship about Nine o'Clock that Morning, returned again, and joined those who were then in the said Ship's Hold, and that then both the said Crews in Conjunction, committed very great Outrages, by breaking open all the said Marquis de Pignatellij's Cases, and Trunks, and taking and carrying away all the valuable Effects, which were in six of the said Cases and Trunks, and destroying or damaging the Rest of those Effects; and then falling upon his the said Minister's Officers, and beating them in a very cruel and shameful Manner, and stripping them of their Cloths, and carrying the same off, together with their Letters of Credit, and a Bill of Exchange.

Their Lordships therefore, in order to discover and bring to justice, the Persons guilty of the Piratical Offences