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Naples, May 24.

THE Troops raised in Germany for the Service of the Crown of Spain in Sicily, arrive here daily, and as fast as the weather will permit, they are Embarked for that Kingdom. Some that arrived the last Week, brought with them in Chains between 30 and 40 Protestant Ministers or Preachers of Hungary and those other parts, who were immediately put into the Gallies, to remain there as long as they live, which is hard measure; and they are much to be pitied, being most of them Persons well born. We have advice, That 13 or 14 Barks, laden with Provisions, are entered into Messina.

Legorn, May 20. Yesterday passed by this place the French Gallies, Men of War and Victuallers, designed for Messina, making in all above 100 Sail, we are assured that a Bord this Fleet, are 5000 Foot Soldiers, and 400 Horsemen, with a vast quantity of Provisions.

Ratisbon, May 30. It hath been debated in the Dyets, that fresh and peremptory Orders should be sent abroad, prohibiting any Levies to be made within the Empire for Foreign Service. On Tuesday last, the Sieur Maréchal, the Swedish Minister, parted from hence with his whole Family, though we are told another is to come in his place, which is much doubted. The Troops of the Elector of Bavaria continue in their quarters, so that it is plain his Electoral Highness has not any thoughts of engaging in the present War, but onely to keep such a Force on foot as may enable him to maintain a Neutrality. The Election which the Chapter of Wirtzburg hath made of the Bishop of Bamberg, to be Bishop of that Diocess, is much to the satisfaction of the Imperialists, the said Bishop of Bamberg, having been recommended by the Emperor, and being a person of great Abilities, and wholly addicted to the Interests of the House of Austria.

Hamburg, June 4. From Steint of the first instant they write, That the 28 past, a party of 150 Swedish Horse had surprized 200 Brandenburg Horse, Commanded by Lieutenant-Collonel Trappane, in a small Town called Coningsberg, about three Leagues from Steint, that 25 of the Brandenburgs had been killed upon the place, and most of the rest taken Prisoners. The 30 past, General Wrangel parted thence to his Army, which marches towards the Elbe to join with the Forces of the Duke of Hanover. On the other side we hear, That the Brandenburg Troops, which have had their Winter-quarters in Franconia come done with great marches. Our Magistrates upon the likelihood there seems to be of a War in these parts have sent Deputies to the Emperor, to pray, they may be permitted to maintain a Neutrality.

Strasbourg, May 31. Monsieur de Turenne having assembled his Forces together at Schlesiadt and St. Hippolite, came and encamped with them the 27th instant, at Akenheim, so near this City, that from our Ramparts we can discern their Tents, &c. The 28, upon the news of the Siege of Philipsburg, Monsieur de Turenne advanced with several Regiments of Horse to Haguenaw,

leaving the gross of his Army at Akenheim, whither he returned again the next day. This day we are told, he intends to make a general review of his Army, and that in the mean time he has ordered a Bridge to be made over the Rhine between Philipsburg and Brisac, as if he intended to pass the River, and give the Confederates a diversion on the other side, while General Montecuculi is with his Army on this side. The Marquis of Baden Dourlach at the same time is endeavouring to get the Troops of the Circle together, in order to the opposing his passage, and even the finishing the Bridge they have now in hand.

Spire, June 1. The 26 past Prince Pio passed the Rhine at Losheim, not far from this City, by means of two flying Bridges, which had been brought from Mannheim, and encamped on this side with 6000 Men, whom he immediately set to work, for the making a retrenchment, for their better security against the Enemy, which they had finished the next day at noon; the 29, the Bridge of Boats was finished, and the next day General Montecuculi arrived at Losheim with the Imperial Army consisting in about 25000 Combatants, the same day his Excellency passed the Rhine, and having visited Prince Pio's Camp, returned again to Losheim, where a Council of War was held yesterday; this day the Imperial Army passed the Rhine, and is now encamped on this side: General Montecuculi, and several of the General Officers being at present here with the Elector Palatine: the parties that have been sent out to learn the posture of the Enemy, are returned, and bring an account that Monsieur de Turenne was three days since at Haguenaw with 6000 Horse, but that he is returned towards Strasburg. We cannot certainly learn the designs of the Imperialists, but in all appearance they will march directly towards the Enemy, in confidence that they exceed them in strength, leaving some Regiments in the Neighborhood of Philipsburg, to keep that place blocked up, in order to a future Siege, in case it shall be thought fit, or at least for the preventing the excursions of that Garrison into the Palatinate, &c.

Francfort, June 2. The three Imperial Regiments of Gallas, Harrach, and Trautmandorf have passed the Main here, and are marching with all diligence to join the Imperial Army. The Lunenburg Troops are in our Neighborhood; it is reported, that they will join with the General Montecuculi, for the execution of some great design in hand, though the general Voice is, that they will march towards Cologne to join with the Duke of Lorraine. The Elector of Mayence continues very ill, and leaves us almost in despair of his recovery.

Cologne, June 4. The 31 past, the Troops of the Duke of Lorraine passed the Rhine at Bonne, and are at present lodged about three Leagues from hence, their Head-quarter being at Eyndoven: the next day his Highness came hither, was Complimented by our Elector, and presented with a fine Horse, and towards evening his Highness returned again to Eyndoven. The Troops of the Bishop of Osnabrug making 5000 Men are on their march towards Bonn to pass the Rhine there and to join with those of the Duke of Lorraine. The Bishop of Munster

Munster hath appointed a Rendezvous of his Forces to be at *Warna* the *Lippe*.

Liege, June 4. The Castle of *Liege* hath been besieged since Friday last, and hitherto the besieged make a good defence. The Most Christian King is at present encamped about a League and half from *Huy* towards this place. Monsieur de *Louvois* is in the Citadel here. The Marechal de *Crequi* is certainly gone with 4 or 6000 horse towards *Alsacia* to reinforce Monsieur de *Turenne*.

Brussels, June 7. Yesterday the Prince of *Orange* decamped from *Duffel*, marched with his Army through *Malines*, and had his Head-quarter last night betwixt *Malines* and *Louvain* at a place called *Hacht*; and this night his Highness intends to incamp his Army between *Aischot* and *Louvain*, about *Vleerbeek* Abby. The three Dutch Regiments that were lodged in our Counter-camps, are this day marched to join the Princes Army; and our Governor the Duke de *Villa Hermosa* intends to follow in a day or two with a Body of 6 or 7000 Horse, which are now drawing together from several parts. The Most Christian King is at present encamped with his Army at *Fallais*, his Majesty being himself lodged in the Castle of the Count de *Nozelles* not far from *Huy*, which place still holds out, though the French have five Batteries against it, and we expect in a day or two to hear of its surrender. On Tuesday last a commanded party of 40 Horse, sent out from hence, happened to meet with a stronger party of the Enemy near *Wavre*, by whom, after a brisk resistance, they were overpowered; 12 killed upon the place, several wounded and taken Prisoners, and the rest escaped hither. But another party of 80 Horse, sent out from *Cambray* had better fortune, for encountering with a French Party of 50 Horse, defeated them, killed several upon the place, took the Baggage of one of the French Lieutenant-Generals, six led Horses, with very rich furniture, a great service of Plate, with a considerable sum of Money. We are told, that his Excellency hath by express received advice, that the first instant General *Montecuculi* passed the *Rhine* near *Spire*, with the whole Imperial Army, consisting in 24000 Men effective, besides the Regiments of *Gallas*, *Harrant* and *Traumandorf*, who were not yet come up with the Army, that his Train of Artillery was composed of 30 Pieces of Cannon; that his Excellency did not seem to intend the Siege of *Philipsburg*, as had been purposely given out, but to march directly towards Monsieur de *Turenne*, to endeavor to oblige him to quit *Alsacia*, his Army being at present much stronger, as is said, than that of Monsieur de *Turenne*. Our Letters farther add, as if Prince *Pio* was to remain with 5 or 6000 Men to block up *Philipsburg*, till such time as the Marquis of *Baden Dourlach*, can get the Troops of the Circles together, with which he will as is reported, lay a formal Siege to *Philipsburg*. Monsieur *Fario* is arrived here this day, and Don *Emanuel de Lyra* is returned for the *Hague*.

Hague, June 7. We are told, That the Bishop of *Munster* seems very much concerned at the reports that have been raised, of his having entered into an engagement with the French, and that he assures the Allies on the contrary, and of his readiness to make good the Treaty he has with the Emperor. We have advice of the arrival of one of our East-India Ships belonging to *Delf*, in some Port of *Norway*; That the Master reports, that he came from *Batavia* in company of six other Ships bound home; but that after having been about three Weeks at Sea, he was separated from them; That some time after, viz. on the 12th of *January*, he happened to meet off of *Cape d' Anguilla* with a French Man of War of 36

Guns, with whom he was engaged several hours, but that at length the French Man left him, and he continued his Voyage, not having put into the Cape of Good Hope, fearing to meet with any French Men of War there bound to *Brazile*. According to our last advices from the Army, his Highness intended to march the fifth instant from *Duffel*, and to be this day at *Louvain*. A Man of War of *Amsterdam* hath some days since taken a French Privateer of 14 Guns.

Paris, June 8. Our last Letters from the Army, tell us, That the 30 past, at three a Clock in the Morning, the King decamped from *Gemblours* in *Brabant*, marched four Leagues, and lodged that night at the Abby of *Bonness*. The first instant his Majesty commanded the Marquis of *Rocheport* to go and besiege *Huy* of the *Mene*, and ordered the Sieur *Magalotti*, the Sieur de *Chalepon*, and the Sieur de *la Trousse*, Marshals de Camp, to assist him at that Siege. The second, being Whitsunday, the Army did not stir; The third, his Majesty decamped again; continued his march towards *Liege*, and lodged that night near a Village called *Tanne* on the small River *Mehaigne*, from whence his Majesty went out the next day with the Prince of *Conde*, and several Squadrons of Horse, to visit the Camp before *Huy*. From *Bouillon* they write, That the Marechal de *Crequi* attacked the raking of *Dinant* and the Castle of *Thierry*, having received orders from the King to march with a Body of 6000 Horse towards *Alsacia*, came and lodged with the said Troops the first instant at *Hall*, not far from *Bouillon*, the next day encamped at *Sachy* near *Carignan*, where he remained the third instant; and the fourth, continued his march towards *Metz*. The sixth instant, died *Henry* Count of *Clermont*, Son to the Duke of *d' Enguyen*, aged about three years; to the great affliction of that Family. The last Letters we received from Monsieur de *Turenne*'s Camp, are dated the first instant at *Akenheim* about a League from *Strasbourg*, and say, That Monsieur de *Turenne*, having advice, that the Imperialists were going to besiege *Philipsburg*, he immediately commanded 300 Dragoons, under the conduct of a Lieutenant Colonel, to go and put themselves into the place, and went himself with a Body of Horse as far as *Hagenaw*; but understanding upon his arrival there, and from the parties he sent out, that the Enemy had not any design upon *Philipsburg*, and that the blocking it up, was only a device of General *Montecuculi* to draw the French Forces that way, that so he might have an opportunity to return to *Strasbourg*, and pass the *Rhine* there with his Army, Monsieur de *Turenne* returned to *Akenheim*, and rejoined his Army which he had left under the Command of the Marquis de *Vaubrun*. That the 30 past, Monsieur de *Turenne* commanded out a Brigade of Horse, and 400 Foot, with six pieces of Cannon, under the conduct of the Marquis de *Vaubrun*, and the Marquis of *Douglas*, with orders to march to *Benfeld*, to favour the Workmen that were making a Bridge of Boats over the *Rhine*, over against that place. The 31, Monsieur de *Turenne* caused all his Troops, both Horse and Foot to be drawn up in two Lines, and took a review of them; which done, he commanded the Forces that composed the second Line, to follow the Marquis de *Vaubrun* towards *Benfeld*.

Advertisement.

Archimidis Opera: Apollonii Pergaei Conicorum Libri iv. Theodosii Sphaerica; Methoda Nova Illustrata, & Succincte Demonstrata. Per Isidolum Barrow, A. x. profectorem Lucasianum Cantab. & Societatis Regiae Soc. Veneunt apud Robertum Scot, in vico Little-Bridg.